For and on behalf of AIRMATE (CAYMAN) INTERNATIONAL CO LIMITED 艾美特(開曼)國際有限公司 (Excerpt translation, for reference only.)

Airmate (Cayman) International Co Limited (the "Colvinging Signature(s)

Minutes of the 2025 Annual General Meeting

Time: 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 29, 2025

Venue: No. 2-1, Sec. 1, Jinan Rd., Taipei (meeting room on the 3th floor of National Taiwan University, Alumni Club)

In attendance: 82,176,649 shares present in person or by proxy (26,412,802 shares by means of electronic transmission), representing approximately 54.84% of 149,821,721 shares(excluding shares without voting rights as provided by Article 179 of the Company Law) of the total issued and outstanding shares of the Company.

Directors Present: Shih, Jui-Pin (史瑞斌), Chairman of the Board of Directors, Tsai, Cheng-Fu (蔡正富), Vice Chairman of the Company, Lin, Chih-Lung (林志隆), Independent Director of the Company (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Hsu, Shih-Wen (許世 芝), Independent Director of the Company, Lin, Hui-Fen (林惠芬), Independent Director of the Company, Yen, Ming-Jen (顏敏仁), Independent Director of the Company.

Directors Not Present: Cheng, Li-Ping (鄭立平), Director of the Company, Shih, Jui-Lin (史 瑞霖), Director of the Company, Huang, Ching-Shu (黃清樹), Director of the Company.

Chairperson: Shih, Jui-Pin (史瑞斌), the Chairman of the Board of Directors

Minutes taker: Ho, Mei-Hsiu (何美秀)

1. Chairperson's Report: The shares represented by the attending shareholders constituted a quorum and the Chairperson called the meeting to order.

2. Chairperson's Remarks: Omitted

3. Report Matters

- I. 2024 Annual Business Report, submitted for approval (Please refer to Attachment I).
- II. Audit Committee's Review Report on the 2024 Financial Statements, submitted for approval (Please refer to Attachment II).
- III. Our Company proposes to amend the 'Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct' and seeks recognition (Please refer to Attachment V).

4. Recognized Matters

Agenda 1

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Proposal: Recognition of the Company's 2024 Business Report and Consolidated Financial Statements.

Description:

- I. The Company's consolidated financial report for the year 2024 has been audited by Mr. Guohua Wang and Mr. Jianzhi Wu, accountants at PwC Taiwan. It has been approved by the 4th Audit Committee and the 5th Board of Directors of the fifth term.
- II. The attached are 2024 Business Report (please refer to Attachment I), CPA Audit Report and Consolidated Financial Statement (please refer to Attachment III) for recognition.

Resolution:

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 81,314,787

Voting	Results	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor (electronic votes)	79,175,513 votes (23,411,666 votes)	97.36%
Votes in against (electronic votes)	335,143 votes (335,143 votes)	0.41%
Votes invalid (electronic votes)	0 votes (0 votes)	0.00%
Votes abstained (electronic votes)	1,804,131 votes (1,804,131 votes)	2.21%

(Note: There were no shareholder questions in this discussion proposal)

Agenda 2

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Proposal: Recognition of the 2024 Statement of Deficit Off-setting.

Description:

- I. The beginning undistributed earnings for our company at the start of the period totaled NT\$172,804,327. After taking into account the re-measurement amount of the defined benefit plan, which is NT\$1,542,037, the net prift after tax for 2024, which is NT\$(159,210,050), and the special surplus reserve for the conversion of financial statements of overseas operating entities NT\$129,902,975.
- II. Please refer to page 23 of the attached manual for the 2024 Annual Statement of Deficit Off-setting (Attachment IV).

Resolution:

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 81,314,787

Voting	Results	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor (electronic votes)	79,263,956votes (23,500,109 votes)	97.47%
Votes in against (electronic votes)	348,970 votes (348,970 votes)	0.42%
Votes invalid (electronic votes)	0 votes (0 votes)	0.00%
Votes abstained (electronic votes)	1,701,861 votes (1,701,861 votes)	2.09%

(Note: There were no shareholder questions in this discussion proposal)

5. Discussion Matters

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Proposal: It is proposed to amend the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Explanation:

Agenda 1

- (1) In response to the actual operating practices and amendment to the laws and regulations, it is proposed to amend certain provisions of Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.
- (2) The comparison chart for the amendments is attached hereto as Attachment VI.
- (3)Please proceed with a Special Resolution.

Resolution:

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 81,314,787

Voting	Results	% of the total represented share present
		share present
Votes in favor (electronic	79,273,470votes	97.48%
votes)	(23,509,623 votes)	97.40%
Votes in against	337,909 votes	0.410/
(electronic votes)	(337,909 votes)	0.41%
Votes invalid	0 votes	0.000/
(electronic votes)	(0 votes)	0.00%

Votes abstained	1,703,408 votes	2.09%
(electronic votes)	(1,703,408 votes)	2.0970

(Note: There were no shareholder questions in this discussion proposal)

6. Extempore motion

There being no other business and special motion, upon a motion duly made and seconded, the meeting was adjourned.

Adjourned at 9:17 a.m. on Thursday, May 29, 2025

Attachment I Business Report

I. Business Report

I. Introduction

Time does not wait for anyone. In 2024, the global economy faces twists and turns, with geopolitical issues and inflation interwoven, hindering company operations. Among the external factors affecting our company, one is the decline in real purchasing power in major export markets like Japan and South Korea due to currency depreciation, leading to a contraction in the overall home appliance consumption market. Another factor is the domestic market in mainland China, which is significantly impacted by a lack of confidence, conservative consumer behavior, and intense competition. These have introduced many unfavorable variables for our company's operations in 2024. Despite the management team's diligent efforts to do everything possible, the overall operational situation remains difficult to satisfy.

In response, our company is reviewing its operational performance for 2024, including optimizing product lines in the Chinese market, diversifying and integrating online channel routes, rationally allocating manufacturing bases, consistently implementing cost reduction and efficiency improvement measures, and expanding new customers and products for export. The company's long-term goal is to create a sustainable business value by leveraging core small home appliance products as a competitive moat, enhancing product differentiation and functional dimensions, and building a wide-ranging brand continuity.

The following is a report on our company's operational overview for 2024 and future outlook for 2025: Our company is the ultimate parent company of the group after being publicly listed, primarily responsible for investment and holding. Our manufacturing bases are located in Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, and Jiujiang, Jiangxi Province, in mainland China. For 2024, the consolidated revenue is projected to be NT\$8.13 billion, with a consolidated net loss after tax of NT\$159 million, and a loss per share of NT\$1.05. Looking ahead to 2025, although the overall economic and operational environment remains severe, amidst this low point, there seems to be a glimmer of hope as inventory levels among export customers decrease and economic stimulus measures in mainland China are progressively introduced. Our company is actively addressing the quantitative trends of the consumer market, adhering to a core rhythm of prudent operations, continuously deepening the operational management of our subsidiaries and overall synergistic effectiveness, consolidating and expanding quality customer partnerships, enhancing full-process value-added services, and building sustainable ESG

corporate goals.

Regarding the company's future development, we firmly believe that leveraging the massive consumer market in mainland China, along with the robust industrial productivity supported by the resilient supply chain in mainland China, will maintain a favorable competitive edge for our exports. In other words, amidst the interplay of favorable and adverse conditions, our company continuously strives for excellence and recognition in market presence, product quality, and customer service. On this basis, we expect to reverse the current decline in sales and stabilize into good growth. Specifically, the market is experiencing multi-polar and multi-modal changes and competition...The company and all subsidiaries within the group will continue to adapt to market changes, focusing on deepening existing customer relationships and expanding the breadth of customer cooperation, while increasing efforts to develop high-quality new customers. Since our listing, the management team and all employees have adhered to the cornerstone of honest operations, pursuing the development of our core business to provide quality products that meet market demands in the small appliance industry, aiming to create a win-win situation for all shareholders and company employees, in return for the expectations of our shareholders. As the long night comes to an end and dawn breaks, we believe that with the continuous implementation of various strategic improvement objectives in our operations, we will gradually generate beneficial returns in the future, sincerely appreciating the long-term support from all our shareholders.

II. 2024 Business Results

(I) 2024 Business Plan and Implementation Results

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Item	2024 Audit	2023 Audit	Growth Rate
Consolidated operating revenue	8,130,776	8,401,753	-3.23%
Consolidated operating profit	1,624,276	1,827,717	-11.13%
Consolidated net profit	-213,974	-12,336	-1634.55%
Consolidated net non-operating income (expense)	25,278	52,078	-51.46%
Consolidated Income Before Tax	-188,696	39,742	-574.80%
Income tax expense	29,486	-13,163	-324.01%
Consolidated total profit and loss	-159,210	26,579	-699.01%

(II) Financial revenue and profitability

	Year Item	2024	2023
Financial structure	Liabilities to assets ratio (%)	67.38	61.98
	Current ratio (%)	101.52	106.09
Liquidity analysis	Quick ratio (%)	57.37	59.70
	Return on assets (%)	-1.51	1.04
	Return on shareholders' equity (%)	-5.28	0.84
Profitability	Net profit margin (%)	-1.96	0.32
	Earnings per share (NT\$)	-1.05	0.17

(III) Yearly research and new technology development status

- 1. Yearly research and new technology development results
 - (1) Development of high air flow PTC electric heater
 - (2) Design and development of inverter window air conditioner
 - (3) Integrated electric heater for drying and heating clothes
 - (4) Superconducting heating and cooling circulation fan
 - (5) Light-sensitive touch
 - (6) Development of flame baseboard series electric heater
 - (7) Development of flame (colorful) humidifier
 - (8) Development of heating vaporization humidifier
 - (9) Development of heating type garment steamer
 - (10) Development of small portable air conditioner (compressor)
 - (11) Development of small split portable air conditioner (compressor)
 - (12) Development of cooling chip beer dispenser
 - (13) Development of products with smart camera
 - (14) Development of solar battery application products
- 2. Future research and technology development plans
 - (1) Short-term business development plans
 - A. Development and research of wireless steam cleaners, floor washing machines, personal health and care products, and pet product series.
 - B. Continuous increase in research on applications of semiconductor cooling chips and radar, batteries, and cooling chip mini-refrigerators.
 - C. Design and development of high-output humidifiers (2.5 liters/hour).
 - D. Research and development of new electric heaters (flame-shaped, footboard with a closable air outlet; graphene heating element).
 - E. Continuous increase in development and application research of pin structure and high-power inner winding motors.
 - F. Ongoing introduction of new technologies such as voice and camera intelligent recognition (offline + online), motion monitoring, and gesture recognition into various products.
 - G. Development of a hydroxyl ion air-purifying ceiling fan.

- H. Development of products with compressors.
- I. Development and research of lightweight, portable heating products and home appliance kitchen and bathroom products.
- J. Development and research of composite multifunctional combination products.
- K. Development and research of solar-powered fans.

(2) Long-term business development plans

- A. Development of personal health, care, and cleaning appliances (disinfection, sterilization) series.
- B. Research and development of medical product series.
- C. Application research of sensors and human-machine interaction (voice control) in smart appliances.
- D. Research on various composite air processors (cooling, heating, humidifying).
- E. Research on DIY direction for fresh air products.
- F. Development and application research of cost-effective external rotor DC motors.
- G. Development and application research of pet products.
- H. Development of products with compressors.

III. Operating Plan Overview of the Year

- To strengthen the development of the Emet brand and establish it as a
 competitive and core-value small home appliance manufacturer in
 mainland China, both domestically and internationally. Our goal is to
 improve the quality and quantity of our products and enhance
 collaboration between the company, suppliers, and customers, creating a
 win-win situation for all parties involved.
- 2. To drive the digitalization and modularization of management across different companies and group enterprises, it is crucial to enhance the company's product capabilities and consistently explore new products, customers, and markets. Additionally, improving production optimization technology, investing in efficient production lines, and effectively

managing costs are essential to ensure a steady stream of operating profits.

3. Emphasize labor-management harmony, maximize profits for employees and shareholders, and fulfill corporate social responsibility.

(II) Sales Volume Forecast and the Basis

The main markets of our subsidiary companies are located in mainland China, Northeast Asia, Southeast Asia, and Europe and America. Therefore, the projected annual sales quantity is primarily based on local industry statistics, feedback from major customers, and assessments of future market supply and demand. In general, we expect the sales volume and amount of the small home appliance industry to stabilize and experience moderate growth compared to 2024

.

(III) Significant Sales and Production Policies

1. Export

- Sales of products in the Japan-Korea and Europe-America markets
 have maintained steady growth over two seasons, actively developing
 clients from different industries, assisting clients in product
 development, and continuously cultivating the Southeast Asian
 market.
- Focus on key customers while keeping the technical team engaged, deepening investment in the development and iteration of key representative products, increasing the quantity of product development (enhancing patent layout and licensing to customers) to secure orders and balance market share; on the other hand, emphasize the development and sales of non-seasonal products to eliminate the limitations of sales regions affected by seasonality, achieving the benefit of increased orders.
- Comprehensive enhancement of export business services including customer service platform channel integration, provision of IDM services, multiple sales for one machine, R&D awards and patent sharing, and online sales strategies to improve service quality.

 Strengthen the sales channel foundation of existing export customers, expand international market cooperation channels through more cross-border e-commerce platforms, and continue to promote proprietary brand products on the international stage.

2. China Market

- Team Integration: Further integrate the team to improve efficiency, manage more accurately and effectively in alignment with the market, enhance the brand's service capability toward distributor partners and consumers, and empower distributors in the new retail era.
- Product Precision Focus: Concentrate on best-selling products, achieve optimal cost, align with market needs, ensure sales efficiency, and enhance the unity of production and sales operations. At the same time, pay close attention to the inventory turnover rate and monetary amounts of distributors and factories, reduce end-of-season inventory for both, and ultimately realize order-based production.
- Launch of Outdoor Appliances: Airmate is launching a series of outdoor appliances in response to the trends in the Chinese market, including outdoor camping air conditioners, portable folding fans, multifunctional outdoor mugs, and other products, to match appliance supply with outdoor scenarios and create a more relaxed and comfortable outdoor living experience. We believe the outdoor appliance market will see significant demand and market growth.
- Marketing Transformation: Fully embrace mobile internet marketing, leveraging emerging media to interact deeply with young consumers through live broadcasts, short videos, Weibo, public accounts, Xiaohongshu, and other social media, achieving brand rejuvenation, enhancing Airmate's recognition and reputation among various consumer demographics, and increasing brand influence.
- Healthy Development Across Multiple Platforms: Develop differentiated product combinations suitable for various online consumer groups and sales models on major platforms such as Taobao Tmall, JD.com, Douyin, Xiaohongshu, and community live streaming to meet diverse consumer needs. At the same time, focus on the

development of other new sales models similar to Pinduoduo, Yunji, and NetEase Select's OEM, establishing vertical production and sales to enhance brand share across the entire network and channels. In addition, engage in new sales models of second-tier e-commerce channels, through emerging niche-focused private traffic channels like short video e-commerce, content e-commerce, and information flow e-commerce, targeting precise consumer markets.

• Multi-Channel Store Operation Model: Shift major e-commerce platform stores from a distribution model to a direct operation model. The direct operation mode has gradually become a channel for brands to reach users directly in the past two years, allowing for immediate user feedback and more effective communication to meet user needs, improving the service experience before and after sales, thereby enhancing competitiveness. At the same time, maintain the existing relationships with selected online distributor customers. Increase the market share of products in channels beyond mainstream stores.

IV. The Company's future development strategy

Our Company and its subsidiaries will continue to prioritize the development of our core business by creating competitive high-margin products and continuously improving our manufacturing processes. Additionally, we will invest in research and development of new technologies to foster mutually beneficial cooperation with our stakeholders. We are fully committed to maintaining brand strength and customer loyalty while actively responding to, discovering, and meeting the deep-seated needs of our end customers in the market. By promptly adapting to market changes, we gain recognition and orders from new markets, new customers, and new products, solidifying our position as a renowned enterprise in the small home appliance market.

V. The effect of external competition, the legal environment, and the overall business environment

(I) Influence of external competition environment

The small home appliance industry operates in a highly competitive environment. Our company and its subsidiaries will continue to utilize our strengths to adapt to the market and improve product differentiation. We will efficiently manage costs and inventory to minimize the impact of external competition.

(II) Influence of legal environment

The Company and affiliated companies have not undergone or faced any loss from country or region where there is influence of legal environment changes in recent years.

(III) Influence of overall operation environment

Currently, our company's subsidiary, which is involved in production and operations, is situated in mainland China. The local small home appliance industry faces intense market competition, and the global economic situation remains uncertain. However, with China's ongoing efforts to strengthen its economy, along with the continuous advancement of new technologies and consumers' demand for high-quality products, the overall outlook remains positive.

Wishing you prosperity and long-lasting success.

For and on behalf of AIRMATE (CAYMAN) INTERNATIONAL CO LIMITED 艾美特(開曼)國際有限公司

Airmate Cayman) International Co Limited

Authorized Signature(s)

Chairman of Board: Shih Jui Pin

President: Shih Jui Pin

Account Manager: Ho Mei-Hsiu

Attachment II Audit Report by Audit Committee

Audit Report by Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has approved and the Board of Directors has approved the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year 2024. Following that, the Board of Directors has appointed PwC as the auditor to conduct the audit and issue an unqualified audit report.

The Audit Committee has the responsibility for overseeing the Company's financial reporting procedures.

The Group's certified public accountant has audited the consolidated financial statements for the year 2024 and has communicated the following matters to the Audit Committee:

- 1. There was no significant discovery concerning the audit by the CPAs within the planned audit scope and time period.
- 2. The CPAs have provided the Audit Committee a declaration of independence where the personnel from the accounting firm are in compliance with the independence norms of CPAs code of professional ethics. Relations and other items that may be considered to affect the independence of the CPAs have not been found.
- 3. The CPAs have communicated with the Audit Committee regarding the key audit matters listed in the audit report.

The Audit Committee agrees and the Board of Directors resolves that the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year 2024, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are hereby reported in accordance with Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

Audit Committee Convener: LIN, CHIH-LUNG February. 27, 2025

Attachment III CPA Audit Report and Consolidated Financial Statement

Independent Auditors' Report

(25) CSBZ No. 24002425

To Airmate (Cayman) International Co Limited:

Opinion

We have audited the Consolidated Balance Sheets of Airmate (Cayman) International Co Limited and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "Airmate Group") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (including Summary of Material Accounting Policies) for the annual period from January 1 to December 31, 2024 and 2023.

In the opinion of the Accountants, the consolidated financial statements are prepared in all material respects in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, Interpretations and Interpretations approved and issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission in force, which are sufficient to present the consolidated financial position of the Emmet Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the consolidated financial performance and consolidated statements of cash flow as of January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Basis of Audit Opinion

The Certified Public Accountant has carried out the audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. Our firm is independent of the Airmate (Cayman) International Co Limited and Subsidiaries in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. The Certified Public Accountant believes that sufficient and appropriate evidences for the audit have been obtained as the basis for expressing opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters refer to those matters that, in the professional judgment of the Certified Public Accountant, are of the utmost significance for the audit of the 2024 Consolidated Financial Statements of the Airmate Group. These matters have been addressed in the process of our audit on the overall Consolidated Financial Statements, and in forming our opinion thereon. Hence, we will not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The Key Audit Matters of the 2024 Consolidated Financial Statements of the Airmate Group are as follows:

Impairment assessment of accounts receivable

Description of the Key Audit Matter

For details on the accounting policy for accounts receivable, please refer to Note 4 (9) of the Consolidated Financial Statements. For details on the accounting estimates for impairment losses on accounts receivable and the explanation on the uncertainty of assumptions, please refer to Note 5 of the Consolidated Financial Statements. For details on the information on the credit risk of accounts receivable, please refer to Note 12 (2) of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Airmate Group makes provision for expected credit losses in accordance with the established policy on accounts receivable allowance for doubtful debts. The valuation method includes the customer's credit risk and historical credit loss experience and a reasonable estimate of the customer's future economic conditions. Since the aforementioned valuation method involves the subjective judgment of the Management, it has a significant impact on the measurement of expected credit losses from accounts receivable. Therefore, the Certified Public Accountant has included the impairment assessment of accounts receivable as one of the Key Audit Matters for the year.

In response to the auditing procedures:

The main corresponding procedures executed by the Certified Public Accountant on the above-mentioned Key Audit Matter are summarized as follows:

- Based on the understanding on the operation and sales counterparties of the Airmate Group, assess the reasonableness of the policies and procedures on the provision for losses on accounts receivable, including the identification of individual major customers, the differentiation of similar credit risk groups, and objective evidence in the determination of expected credit losses.
- Understand the design and the effectiveness of implementation of internal control procedures for the credit management of the Airmate Group and the assessment of expected credit losses during the subsistence period of the creditor's rights.
- Evaluate the reasonableness of Management's assessment of the amounts of individually recognized material expected credit losses and expected credit losses based on similar credit risk groups.
- Test the collection of accounts receivable after the execution period for expected credit losses
 that occur only in response to the time value of currency to assess the reasonableness of
 expected credit losses.

Assessment of allowance for inventory valuation loss

Description of the Key Audit Matter

For details on the accounting policy for inventory valuation, please refer to Note 4 (13) of the Consolidated Financial Statements; for the accounting estimates for inventory valuation and the explanation of the uncertainty of assumptions, please refer to Note 5 of the Consolidated Financial Statements; and for the explanation of important accounting items for inventory, please refer to Note 6, (5) of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Airmate Group measures the value of the inventory by the lower of cost and net realizable value. Due to the large number and type of inventory items in the Airmate Group and the fact that the net realizable value used in the individual recognition of obsolescence or damage and its valuation often involves subjective judgment, hence, there is uncertainty in the estimation. Therefore, the Certified Public Accountant has identified the assessment of allowance for inventory valuation loss as one of the key audit matters for the current year.

-4-

In response to the auditing procedures:

The main corresponding procedures executed by the Certified Public Accountant on the above-mentioned Key Audit Matter are summarized as follows:

- Based on the understanding on the nature of the operations and industry of the Airmate Group, assess the reasonableness of the policies and procedures adopted for the allowance for inventory valuation loss, including the degree of inventory depreciation, the reasonableness of the assessment of obsolete and outdated inventory items, and the consistency of accounting estimation methods.
- Verify that the information in the statement of inventory valuation loss used by the Airmate Group is consistent with its policy; randomly check the individual inventory item numbers to verify the degree of inventory devaluation, and then evaluate the appropriateness of the Airmate Group's allowance for valuation loss.

Responsibilities of the Management and the Governing Body for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The responsibilities of Management are to prepare an appropriately represented Consolidated Financial Report in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and standing interpretation recognized and published by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and maintain the necessary internal controls related to the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements to ensure that the Consolidated Financial Statements does not contain material misrepresentation due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Management's responsibilities also include assessing the ability of the Airmate Group to continue operating as a going concern, disclosing related matters, and continuing to adopt the going concern accounting basis, unless the Management intends to liquidate the Airmate Group or cease operations, or there is no practicable alternative other than liquidation or cessation of operation.

The governing bodies of the Airmate Group (including the Audit Committee) are responsible to oversee the financial reporting procedures.

The Certified Public Accountant' Responsibilities in the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The objective of the audit on the Consolidated Financial Statements is to attain a reasonable assurance as to whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Audit Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but the audit work performed in accordance with the Auditing Standards of the Republic of China cannot guarantee that all material misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements can be detected. Misstatement may be caused by fraud or error. If it could be reasonably anticipated that the misstated individual amounts or aggregated sums could reasonably have influence on the economic decisions made by the users of the Consolidated Financial Statements, they shall be deemed as material.

The Certified Public Accountant has exercised professional judgment and professional skepticism during the audit in accordance with the Auditing Standards of the Republic of China. The Certified Public Accountant will also perform the following duties:

- 1. The objective is to identify and assess the significant risks of misrepresentation in the consolidated financial statements arising from fraud or errors. We will then develop and implement appropriate strategies to address these risks. Additionally, we will gather sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to support our audit opinion. It is important to note that the risk of significant misrepresentation due to fraud is higher than that resulting from errors, given the potential for collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, false statements, or circumvention of internal controls. Identify and evaluate the risk of material misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements due to fraud or error; design and carry out appropriate countermeasures on the evaluated risk; and obtain sufficient and appropriate evidence as the basis for the audit opinion. The risk of not being able to detect a misstatement that is caused by fraud is higher than that caused by mistakes because fraud may involve conspiracy, forgery, intentional omission, false statement or because fraud may involve conspiracy, forgery, intentional omission, false statement or overstepping internal control.
- Understanding internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in that particular circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Airmate Group.
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policy adopted by the Management and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates and related disclosures made accordingly.
- 4. Concluding on the appropriateness of the Management's use of going concern basis of accounting, and determining whether there existed events or circumstances that might cast significant uncertainty over Airmate Group's ability to continue operation as a going concern based on the audit evidence obtained. If the Certified Public Accountant is of the opinion that a material uncertainty exists, the users of the Consolidated Financial Statements should be reminded to pay attention to the relevant disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements, or modify the audit opinion when the disclosures are inappropriate. The Certified Public Accountant's conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained as of the date of the audit report. However, future events or circumstances may cause Airmate Group to no longer have the capacity to operate as a going concern.
- Assessing the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements (including the related Notes) and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements appropriately represented the related transactions and events.
- Adequate and relevant audit evidence is obtained to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the entities within the group. The auditor is responsible for guiding, supervising, and conducting the group audit engagement, as well as forming the group audit

4

opinion. Obtaining adequate and appropriate audit evidence of the financial information of the Group's constituent entities so as to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. The Certified Public Accountant is responsible for the guidance, supervision, and execution of the audit on the Airmate Group and is responsible for forming audit opinions on the Airmate Group.

The matters communicated with the governing bodies includes the planned scope and timing of the audit, as well as the significant audit findings (including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit).

The Certified Public Accountant has also provided the governing bodies with a declaration on the independence of the accounting firm's personnel in compliance with the Code of Ethics of Accountants in the Republic of China and has communicated with the governing bodies on all relationships and other matters (including relevant safeguards) that may be deemed to affect the independence of the Certified Public Accountant.

From the matters communicated with the governing bodies, the Certified Public Accountant has determined the Key Audit Matters of the 2024 Consolidated Financial Statements of the Airmate Group. The accountant has stated those items in the audit report unless the law does not allow public disclosure of certain matters, or under extreme rare cases, the accountant decided not to communicate specific matters in the audit report because it can reasonably assume the negative impact of communication is greater than the promoted public interest.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan

Certified Public Accountant Guo-Hua, Wang Wu Jian Zhi

Former Ministry of Finance Securities and Futures Management Committee Approval number: (87) Taiwan Finance Certificate (VI) No. 68790

Financial Supervisory Commission

Approval number: Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) No. 1030027246

February27, 2025

-9-

Airmate (Cayman) International Co Limited and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2024 and 2023

Unit: NTS Thousands

				December 31, 202	•	December 3	1, 2023
	Axects	Note		Amount	76	Amount	- %
	Current Assets						
1100	Cash and Cash Equivalents	6(1)	s	748,438	8	\$ 671,	369 8
1136	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost - Current	6(2) and 8		712,560		438.	364 5
1150	Net Amount of Notes Receivable	6(3) and 7		463,392	5	518,	
1170	Net Amount of Accounts Receivable	6(3) and 7		1,047,401	12	977,	065 12
1200	Other Receivables	6(4)		28,005	_	22,	458 -
130X	Inventories	6(5)		2,501,617	28	2,156,	420 27
1410	Advance Payment	6(6)		310,825	3	204,	282 3
1479	Other Current Assets - Others	4/25		22,652	-	14,	882 -
1-491	Rights of Pending Returning Products - Current	0(23)		66,424		52.	714 1
HXX	Total Current Assets			5,901,314	65	5,055,	
	Non-current Assets						
1517	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income- Non-current	6(7)		2,462	-	2,	341 -
1550	Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method	6(8)		36,112	-	34,	381 1
1600	Property, Plant and Equipment	6(9)(8)		2,500,048	28	2,521,	797 31
1755	Right-of-use Assets	6(10) and 8		200,792	2	195,	611 3
1760	Net amount of investment properties	6(11)		8,843	-	8,	904 -
1780	Intangible Assets	6(12)		20,055	-	5,	902 -
1840	Deferred Income Tax Assets	6(29)		236,702	3	190,	999 2
1990	Other Non-current Assets - Others	6(13) and 8		128,635		98,	708 1
15XX	Tetal Non-current Assets			3,133,669	35	3,058,	003 38
IXXX	Total Assets		\$	9,034,983	100	\$ 8,113,	501 100

(Continued on next page)

Airmate (Caymon) International Co-Limited and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2024 and 2023

Unit: NTS Thousands

			December 31, 202-		December 31, 202	3
Liabilities and Equi	ities Note		Amount	76	Amount	76
Current Liabilities						
2100 Short-term loans	6(14) and 8	\$	837,450	9	\$ 549,060	7
2130 Contract Liabilities - Curre	nt 6(23)		359,639	4	309,398	4
2150 Notes Payable	6(15) and 8		1,887,336	21	1,506,892	19
2170 Accounts Payable			1,715,874	19	1,466,198	18
2200 Other Payables	6(16) and 7		772,195	9	770,258	9
2230 Current Income Tax Liabili	ties		12,022	_	701	
2250 Provision - Current	6(17)		102,572	1	54,472	1
2365 Refund Liabilities - Current	6(23)		106,960	1	78,586	1
2399 Other Current Liabilities - 0	Others		18,778		29,802	
21XX Total Current Liabilitie	н		5,812,826	64	4,765,367	59
Non-current Liabilities						
2570 Deferred income tax liabilit	ties 6(29)		22,845		33,487	-
2640 Net Defined Benefit Liabili	ties - 6(18)					
Non-current			44,534	-	39,858	1
2645 Security Deposits Received			136,711	2	120,126	1
2670 Other Non-current Liabiliti			70,988		69,910	1
25XX Total Non-current Liab	ilities		275,078	3	263,381	3
2XXX Total Liabilities			6,087,904	67	5,028,748	62
Equities Attributable to Own	ners of					
Parent Company						
Share Capital	6(20)					
3110 Common Stock			1,498,217	17	1,528,217	19
Capital Surplus	6(21)					
3200 Capital Surplus			1,198,630	13	1,217,656	15
Retained Earnings	6(22)					
3310 Legal Reserve			120,328	1	117,657	1
3320 Special Reserve			351,243	4	278,317	3
3350 Undistributed Earnings			15,137	-	294,249	4
Other Equities						
3400 Other Equities		(236,476)	(<u>2</u>) (351,243) (4)
3XXX Total Equities			2,947,079	33	3,084,853	38
Subsequent Events	9		_			_
3X2X Total Liabilities and Equi	ties	5	9,034,983	100	\$ 8,113,601	100

Please refer to the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements which are part of the consolidated financial report.

Chairman: Shih, Jui-Pin Manager: Shih, Jui-Pin Accounting Supervisor: Ho, Mei Hsiu

Airmate (Cayman) International Co Limited and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income January 1 to December 31, 2024 and 2023

Unit: NTS Thousands (Except earnings per share is NTD)

				2024			2023	
4000	Dans Committee C	Note 6(10)(23) and 7	-	Amount 8.130.776	100	•	Amount 8.401.753	100
5000	Operating Income	6(5)(10)(12)(18)(27)(28)		6,506,439) (803	, 9	6,574,707) (78.)
5900	Operating Cost Gross Profit	of altrastical traffer litrati		1,624,337	20	١	1.827.046	- 10 /
5910	Unrealized Sales Profit	6(8)	r .	11.077)			11.003	-
5920	Realized Sales Profit	6(8)		11.016		•	11,674	
5950	Not Operating Profit	- 1.0		1.624.276	20		1.827.717	22
	Operating Expenses	6(10)(12)(18)(27)						
6100	Selling Expenses	(28)and 7	e e	1,402,583) (175		1.406.4261 (17.5
6200	Administrative Expenses		}	265,950	35	3	311,214)	744
6300	Research and Development		4			1	,,	
	Expense		(179,473) (2)	(135,232) (1)
6450	Expected Credit Gain (Loss)	12(2)	-	9,756	-		12,819	- "
60000	Total Operating Expenses			1,838,250)	22)		1,840,053) (22)
6900	Operating loss		(213,974)	(_2)		12,336)	
	Non-operating Income and Expenses							
7100	Interest Income			22,866	-		18,565	-
7010	Other Incomes	6(10)(19)(24)		85,213			72,478	1
7020 7050	Other Gains and Losses Finance Costs	6(25) 6(14)(26)	i i	48,164) 34,657)	(1)	,	3,896) 35,911)	r īv
7060	Share of Profit or Loss of	6(8)		34,007)	•	١	33,911)	,
	Associates and Joint Ventures	ala)						
	Recognized under Equity							
	Method			20			842	-
7000	Total Non-operating Income and							
	Expenses			25,278			52,078	
7900	Net profit before tax		(188,696)	(2)		39,742	-
7950	Income Tax Expense	6(29)		29,486			13,163	
8200	Net Profit of the Current Period		(S	159,210)	(2)	S	26,579	-
	Other Comprehensive Income							
	Items not Reclassified to Profit or							
	Locc							
8311	Re-measurements of Defined	6(18)	8	1.542		s	137	
	Benefit Plans		3	1,542	-	3	137	-
	Reclassified to Profit or Loss:							
8361	Exchange Differences from							
0.00	Translation of Financial							
	Statements of Foreign							
	Operating Entities			114,767	1	(72,926)	(1)
8300	Other Comprehensive Profit or		20.	117.300		2 20	Ma Marca	
	Loss (Net)		S	116,309		(<u>\$</u>	72,789)	<u> </u>
8500	Total Comprehensive Income		(<u>s</u>	42,901)	(1)	(\$	46,210)	<u> </u>
	Net Profit Attributed to:							
8610	Owners of Parent Company		(8	159,210)	(2)	8	26,579	-
	Total Comprehensive Income							
	Attributable to:							
8710	Owners of Parent Company		(8	42,901) ((1)	(8	46,210)	(l)
			-					
	Earning Per Share	6(30)						
9750	Basic		(8		1.050	\$		0.17
9850	Diluted							
			(<u>\$</u>		1.05)	\$		0,17

Please refer to the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements which are part of the consolidated financial report.

Chairman: Shih, Jui-Pin Manager: Shih, Jui-Pin Accounting Supervisor: Ho, Mei Heiu

Accounting Supervisor: No. Mei Heiu

Aimate Committee and Demain and Co. Limited and Subsidiaries.
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.
January 1 to December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Unit NTS Thousands

			3	Equities Attributable to Owners of Parent Company	tableto	Damers of Pa	rent Com	A. Carrie				
						Avenue Lamings	Undistibuted		Exchange Differences from Tendadon of Frencial Statements of Fereign	mos from Francial Foreign		
	No.	Common Sto	Common Stock Capital Surplus Legal Boserve	legal Reser		Special Reserve	Biming	6	Operating Entities	otities	Total Equity	
h 2023												
Ballance on January 1, 2023		S - 2552-6	5 1,228,726	\$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00	en	% 1.	G Z	478,016	w	278,317)	\$ 3,214,905	
Other Commediately elicours of the Current Period		•	• •				4	2 <u>5</u>		72,926	100 PM	
Total Comprehensive Income		ľ			 •	•	6	91.09		12.88	(01230)	
Appropriation and Distribution of 20 22 Betained Foreign of]]							
Setting Aside Logal Reserve		•	•			•	7	98		•	•	
Setting Acide Special Reserve		•	•			8 55	-	の対象		•	•	
Cash Dividends for Ordinary Stures	អ្	•	•			•	84 6-			•	(H) (H)	
Stare Dividend for Ordinary Stares	0.2012.2	程が				•	## 	P		•	•	
Redemption of Convertible Corporate Bands	8		00.11		•	•					(M)	
Balance as of December 31, 2023		S 1,528,217	\$ 1,217,636	\$ 117,68	90 90	21892	ž.	34,248	8	331,203)	\$ 3,084,853	
h 2024]			Ī				
Relative on January 1, 2024		8 1,282,13	\$ 1,217,656	s 117.65	en in	288	Ž.	24,28	8	35,200)	\$ 3,084,853	
Not Profit of the Current Period		•	•			•	981	189210)		•	(012/8/10)	
Other Comprehensive Income of the Current Period		•	•			•	_	9.5		14,367	116,300	
Total Comprehensive Income			•			•	187	157,668)		114,367	(106.04	
Appropriation and Distribution of 20.23 Regimed Earning s												
Setting Aside Logal Reserve		•	•	292	_	•	·	(F. 2)		•	•	
Setting Aside Special Reserve		•	•			8	# 	88		•	•	
Ordinary Stances	ğ	•	•			•	**	() () ()		•	(2887)	
Tressury Stock Retired) M,000	(900'6)			•		•		•	(900%)	
Balance as of December 31, 2024		\$ 1,498,217	\$ 1,198,630	\$ 120,32	en 69	381340	\$1	15,137	8	236,476)	\$ 2,947,079	

Phase refer to the accompanying Notes to the Consilidated Financial Statements which are part of the consolidated financial report.

Manage: Shih, Jus Pin

Chairmann State, Mai-Pin

Airmste (Cayman) International Co Limited and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows January 1 to December 31, 2024 and 2023

Unit: NTS Thousands

Net profit before tax in the current period (\$ 188,696) \$ 39,742				2024		In 2023
Adjustment Reme: Revenue and Expense Items Expense Continue Expense Continue Expense	sh Flows from Operating Activities					
Revenue and Expense Rems	Net profit before tax in the current period		(\$	188,696)	5	39,742
Expected Credit Loss (Gain)	Adjustment Items:					
Depreciation Expense						
Amortization Expense 6(12)(27) 6,323 1,797 Interest Expense 6(26) 34,657 33,911 Interest Expense 6(26) 34,657 33,911 Interest Expense 6(26) 34,657 33,911 Interest Income (22,866) (18,568) Share of Profit or Loss of Associates and Joint Ventures Recognized under Equity Method (20) (842) Loss (profit) from financial assets measured at 6(25) fair value through profit or loss (25) Interest (25)			((
Interest Expense* 6(26) 34,657 35,911 Interest Income (22,866) (18,563) Share of Profit or Loss of Associates and Joint Ventures Recognized under Equity Method (20) (842) Loss (profit) from financial assets measured at für value through profit or loss - (1,580) Loss (Gain) on Disposal of Property, 6(25) Plart and Equipment 6(25) Plart and Equipment 6(25) Plart and Equipment 6(25) Loss (gain) on redemption of corporate convertible 6(25) bonds - (8,838) Unrealized Sales Profit 6(8) 11,077 11,003 Realized Sales Profit 6(8) (11,016) (11,674) Unrealized Sales Profit 6(8) (11,016) (11,674) Unrealized Sales Profit 6(8) (2,473) (2,2874) Changes in Assets/Liabilities related to Operating Activities Assets are lated to Operating Activities Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit						
Interest Income (22,866) (18,565)	The state of the s					
Share of Profit or Loss of Associates and Joint Ventures Recognized under Equity Method Loss (profit) from financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - (1,580) Loss (Quin) on Disposal of Property, 6(25) Plant and Equipment 6(25) Loss (guin) on redemption 6(25) Other Recognized Convertible 6(25) Unrealized Sales Profit 6(8) 11,077 11,003 Realized Sales Profit 6(8) 11,077 Realized Sales Prof		6(26)				
Ventures Recognized under Equity Method Loss (profit) from financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - (1,580)			(22,866)	(18,565)
Loss (profit) from financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Loss (Gain) on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment Loss (gain) on redemption of corporate convertible bonds Unrealized Sales Profit Unrealized Sales Profi		6(8)	2			
Fair value through profit or loss		July 1	(20)	•	842)
Loss (Gain) on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment 1,884 (16,679)		6(25)				
Plant and Equipment	The state of the s			-	(1,580)
Loss (gain) on redemption of corporate convertible bonds		6(25)				14 (200)
Octor Section Sectio				1,004	١.	10,079)
Dondard Comparison Compar		er consens				
Unscalined Sales Profit 6(8) 11,077 11,003 Realized Sales Profit 6(8) (11,016) (11,614) Unscalined gain on foreign currency exchange 8,831 (9,568) Amortization of Long-term Deferred Income 6(24) (2,473) (2,874) Changes in Assets related to Operating Activities Net Changes in Assets related to Operating Activities Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		0(25)				0.000 %
Realized Sales Profit		6795		11.077		
Unrealized gain on foeeign currency exchange Amortization of Long-term Deferred Income 6(24) (2,473) (2,574) Changes in Assets related to Operating Activities Net Changes in Assets related to Operating Activities Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss Net Amount of Notes Receivable (6,511) (57,328) Other Receivables (4,323) 114,043 Inventories (228,948) (13,420) Advance Payment (94,012) (33,292) Other current assets — other Net Changes in Liabilities related to Operating Activities Contract liabilities — current (34,019) (52,026) Notes Payable (292,484) 96,937 Accounts Payable (35,326) (32,337) Provision - Current (44,000) 32,487 Refund Liabilities - Current (12,132) 1,979 Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current (12,132) 1,979 Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current (52,077) 43,831 Interest Pacieved (34,046) (30,009) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,831						
Amortization of Long-term Deferred Income 6(24) (2,473) (2,574) Changes in Assets/Liabilities related to Operating Activities Net Changes in Assets related to Operating Activities Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		0(8)			}	
Changes in Assets/Liabilities related to Operating Activities		600			}	
Net Changes in Assets related to Operating		ode-di	4	-4-12	•	
Net Changes in Assets related to Operating						
Activities Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss Net Amount of Notes Receivable Net Amount of Accounts Receivable Other Receivables (
or Loss Net Amount of Notes Receivable Net Amount of Accounts Receivable Net Amount of Accounts Receivable Other Receivables Other Receivables Other Receivables Other Receivables Other Receivables Other Receivables Other Current Other Current Liabilities related to Operating Activities Contract liabilities — current Other Payable Other Payable Other Payable Other Payable Other Payable Other Current Liabilities - Others Other Current Liabilities - Non-current Other Current Liabilities - Others Other Current Liabilities - Non-current Other Current Liabilities - Non-current Other Current Liabilities - Others Other Current Liabilities - Non-current Other Current Liabilities - Others Other Current Liabilities -						
Net Amount of Notes Receivable 79,599 314,056 Net Amount of Accounts Receivable (6,811) (57,328) Other Receivables (4,323) 114,043 Inventories (228,948) (18,420) Advance Payment (94,012) (33,292) Other current assets — other (17,593) 26,566 Net Changes in Liabilities related to Operating Activities Contract liabilities — current 34,019 (52,026) Notes Payable 292,484 96,937 Accounts Payable 169,818 (248,587) Other Payables (35,526) (32,837) Provision - Current 44,300 32,487 Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 27,691 Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) 1,979 Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit					
Net Amount of Accounts Receivable (6,811) (57,328) Other Receivables (4,323) 114,043 Inventories (228,948) (18,420) Advance Payment (94,012) (33,292) Other current assets — other (17,593) 26,566 Net Changes in Liabilities related to Operating Activities Contract liabilities — current 34,019 (52,026) Notes Payable 292,454 96,937 Accounts Payable 169,818 (248,587) Other Payables (35,526) (32,837) Provision - Current 44,300 32,487 Refund Liabilities - Others (12,132) 1,979 Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851	or Lous					45,436
Other Receivables (4,323) 114,043 Inventories (228,948) (18,420) Advance Payment (94,012) (33,292) Other current assets — other (17,593) 26,566 Net Changes in Liabilities related to Operating Activities 34,019 (52,026) Contract liabilities — current 34,019 (52,026) 96,937 Accounts Payable 292,454 (96,937) 96,937 Accounts Payables (35,526) (32,837) 77 Provision - Current 44,300 (32,487) 82,487) Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 (27,691) 27,691) Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) (1,979) 1,979) Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 (3,269) 3,269) Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 (34,437) 19,087) Interest Received 22,937 (19,087) 19,087) Interest Paid (34,016) (34,066) (30,809) 10,087) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851)	Net Amount of Notes Receivable			79,599		314,956
Inventories	Net Amount of Accounts Receivable		(6,811)	(57,328)
Advance Payment (94,012) (33,292) Other current assets — other (17,593) 26,566 Net Changes in Liabilities related to Operating Activities Contract liabilities — current	Other Receivables		Ċ	4,323)		114,043
Other current assets — other (17,593) 26,566 Net Changes in Liabilities related to Operating Activities 34,019 (52,026) Contract liabilities — current 34,019 (52,026) Notes Payable 292,454 (96,937) Accounts Payables 169,818 (248,587) Other Payables (35,526) (32,837) Provision - Current 44,300 (32,487) Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 (27,691) Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) (1,979) Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 (3,269) Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 (584,437) Interest Received 22,937 (19,087) Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) (43,851)	Inventories		è	228,948)	(18,420)
Net Changes in Liabilities related to Operating	Advance Payment		ì	94,012)	ì	33,292)
Activities Contract liabilities — current 34,019 (52,026) Notes Payable 292,484 96,937 Accounts Payable 169,818 (248,587) Other Payables (35,526) (32,837) Provision - Current 44,300 32,487 Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 27,691 Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) 1,979 Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851	Other current assets — other		ì	17,593)		26,566
Contract liabilities — current 34,019 (52,026) Notes Payable 292,454 (96,937) Accounts Payable 169,818 (248,587) Other Payables (35,526) (32,837) Provision - Current 44,300 (32,487) Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 (27,691) Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) (1,979) Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 (3,269) Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 (584,437) Interest Received 22,937 (19,087) Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) (43,851)	Net Changes in Liabilities related to Operating					
Notes Payable 292,454 96,937						
Accounts Payable 169,818 (248,587) Other Payables (35,526) (32,837) Provision - Current 44,300 32,487 Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 27,691 Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) 1,979 Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851	Contract liabilities — current					
Other Payables (35,526) (32,837) Provision - Current 44,300 32,487 Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 27,691 Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) 1,979 Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851	Notes Payable			292,454		96,937
Provision - Current 44,300 32,487 Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 27,691 Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) 1,979 Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851	The state of the s				(
Refund Liabilities - Current 23,788 27,691 Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) 1,979 Not Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851			((
Other Current Liabilities - Others (12,132) 1,979 Not Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851						
Net Defined Benefit Liabilities - Non-current 6,217 3,269 Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851						
Cash Inflow Generated from Operations 373,535 584,437 Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851			(
Interest Received 22,937 19,087 Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851						
Interest Paid (34,016) (30,809) Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851						
Income Tax Acquired (Paid) (6,707) 43,851			2		_	
			5		(
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities 355,749 616,566			(
	Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities			355,749		616,566

(Continued on next page)

Airmate (Cayman) International Co Limited and Subsidiaries Comolidated Statement of Cash Flows January 1 to December 31, 2024 and 2023

Unit: NTS Thousands

			2024	In 2023
Cash Flows from Investment Activities				
Acquisition of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost		(\$	1,451,329) ((\$ 1,238,038.)
Disposal of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost			1,202,187	1,020,569
Acquisition of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	6(7)		- (2,341)
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	6(9)	C	84,407) (129,110)
Increase in Advance Payments for Equipment		(107,623) (74,594)
Disposal of Property, Plant, and Equipment			6,058	33,855
Acquisition of Intangible Assets	6(12)	C	3,141) (3,507)
Other Non-current Assets - Other Decrease (Increase) Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from			4,037	3,541)
Investment Activities		(436,218)	396,707)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Proceeds from Short-term Loans	6(32)		1,988,275	1,729,880
Repayment of Short-term Loans	6(32)	(1,735,386) (1,734,278)
Redemption of Convertible Corporate Bonds	6(32)		- (360,202)
Deposit margin increase (decrease)	6(32)		10,161	16,641
Cash Dividends Paid	6(22)	C	48,847.) (72,772)
Treasury Stock Acquired	6(20)	(49,026)	
Net cash flows used in financing activities			168,177 (420,731)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents			10,639.)	26,543.)
Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents in		\ <u></u>	- Harry	20,70
the Current Period			77,069	227,415)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Current Period	6(1)		671,369	898,784
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Current Period	6(1)	\$	748,438	\$ 671,369

Please refer to the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements which are part of the consolidated financial report.

Chairman: Shih, Jui-Pin Manager: Shih, Jui-Pin Accounting Supervisor: Ho, Mei Hsiu

Attachment IV Statement of Deficit Off-setting

For and on behalf of AIRMATE (CAYMAN) INTERNATIONAL CO LIMITED 艾美特(開曼)國際有限公司 Airmate (Cayman) International Collimited 2024 Statement of Deficit Off-setting Authorized Signature(s)

Unit: NT\$

	·	
Item Amo		unt
Beginning balance		172,804,327
Plus (less):		
Changes of re-measurement number of defined benefit plan for the	1,542,037	
period		
Current tax after-tax profit	(159,210,050)	
Subtotal		15,136,314
Plus (less):		
Propose a statutory surplus reserve of 10%.	-	
Special Reserve for Foreign Operations - Exchange of Financial	114766661	
Statements for Overseas Operating Entities	114,766,661	
Distributable earnings		129,902,975
Distribution items:		
Shareholder dividend - cash dividend (NT\$ 0.3 per share)	-	
Shareholder Dividend-Stock Dividend (NT\$0 per share)	-	
Undistributed earnings at the end of the period		129,902,975

Attachment V Comparison Table of Amendments and Provisions to the Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct

Article No.		Amended articles	Prevalent articles		Description
6	This (Corporation shall designate the	The Company shall designate the		This revision of the
Respo		inable Development Group as	Audit Department for the		'Ethical Management
nsible		olely responsible unit	specialized unit (hereinafter		and Guidelines for
Unit		nafter, "responsible unit")	referred to as the specialized unit		
		the board of directors and	of the Company) to handle the		the company's culture of
	-	de it with sufficient resources			integrity in
		ompetent personnel to be in e of the amendment,			
	_	mentation, interpretation, and	1		management, ensure
	_				sound company
		Procedures and Guidelines, the	_	tration and file construction	development, and
		ding and filing of reports, and		s operating procedure and	implement corporate
		onitoring of implementation.		vior guide, and supervise	governance.
		esponsible unit shall be in		nplementation and shall	
	charg	e of the following matters and	regul	arly report to the Board of	
	also s	ubmit regular reports (at least	Direc	ctors.	
	once a	a year) to the board of			
	direct	ors:	6. 1.	Assisting in incorporating	
				ethics and moral values into	
	6. 1.	Assisting in incorporating		this Corporation's business	
		ethics and moral values into		strategy and adopting	
		this Corporation's business		appropriate prevention	
		strategy and adopting		measures against corruption	
		appropriate prevention		and malfeasance to ensure	
		measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure		ethical management in compliance with the	
		ethical management in		requirements of laws and	
		compliance with the		regulations.	
		requirements of laws and	6. 2.	Analysing and assessing the	
		regulations.	0.2.	risks of unethical conduct	
	6. 2.	Analysing and assessing the		within the business scope on a	
		risks of unethical conduct		regular basis and accordingly	
		within the business scope on a		adopting programs to prevent	
		regular basis and accordingly		unethical conduct and setting	
		adopting programs to prevent		out in each program the	
		unethical conduct and setting		standard operating procedures	
		out in each program the		and conduct guidelines with	
		standard operating procedures		respect to this Corporation's	
		and conduct guidelines with	C O	operations and business.	
		respect to this Corporation's	6. 3.	Planning the internal	
	6. 3.	operations and business. Planning the internal		organization, structure, and allocation of responsibilities	
	0. 5.	organization, structure, and		and setting up	
		allocation of responsibilities		check-and-balance	
		and setting up		mechanisms for mutual	
		check-and-balance		supervision of the business	
		mechanisms for mutual		activities within the business	
		supervision of the business		scope which are possibly at a	
		activities within the business		higher risk for unethical	
		scope which are possibly at a		conduct.	
		higher risk for unethical	6.4.	Promoting and coordinating	
		conduct.		awareness and educational	

Article No.	Amended articles	Prevalent articles	Description
No.	Amended articles 6. 4. Promoting and coordinating awareness and educational activities with respect to ethics policy. 6. 5. Developing a whistle-blowing system and ensuring its operating effectiveness. 6. 6. Assisting the board of directors and management in auditing and assessing whether the prevention measures taken for the purpose of implementing	Prevalent articles activities with respect to ethics policy. 6. 5. Developing a whistle-blowing system and ensuring its operating effectiveness. 6. 6. Assisting the board of directors and management in auditing and assessing whether the prevention measures taken for the purpose of implementing ethical management are effectively operating, and preparing	Description
	ethical management are effectively operating, and preparing reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures. Preparing and retaining properly documented information such as ethical management policy and compliance statements, situations concerning the performance of undertakings and enforcement etc.	reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures. Preparing and retaining properly documented information such as ethical management policy and	

Attachment VI Comparison Table of Amendments and Provisions to the Articles of Incorporation

Article No.	Amended articles	Prevalent articles	Description
5.6	The Company shall not convert	(Newly Added).	In accordance with the
	its shares into shares without par		Taiwan Stock Exchange's
	value.		Amendment to the
			"Checking List of
			Protecting Rights of
			Foreign Issuer's
			Shareholders in the
			Country of
			Registration"published on
			May 2, 2024, the relevant
			content is amended
			accordingly

Appendix I Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct (Before Amendment) Article 1 Purpose

This Company engages in commercial activities following the principles of fairness, honesty, faithfulness, and transparency, and in order to fully implement a policy of ethical management and actively prevent unethical conduct, these Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct (hereinafter, "Procedures and Guidelines") are adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies and the applicable laws and regulations of the places where this Company and its business groups and organizations operate, with a view to providing all personnel of this Company with clear directions for the performance of their duties.

Article 2 Scope of Application

The scope of application of these Procedures and Guidelines includes the subsidiaries of this Company, any incorporated foundation in which this Company's accumulated contributions, direct or indirect, exceed 50 percent of the total funds of the foundation, and other group enterprises and organizations, such as institutions or juristic persons, substantially controlled by this Company.

Article 3 Applicable Objects

For the purposes of these Procedures and Guidelines, the term "the Company's personnel" refers to any managerial officer, employee, mandataries or person having substantial control, of the Company or its group enterprises and organizations. Any provision, promise, request, or acceptance of improper benefits by any of the Company's personnel through a third party will be presumed to be an act by the Company's personnel.

Article 4 Unethical conduct

For the purposes of these Procedures and Guidelines, "unethical conduct" means that any personnel of the Company, in the course of their duties, directly or indirectly provides, promises, requests, or accepts improper benefits or commits a breach of ethics, unlawful act, or breach of fiduciary duty for purposes of acquiring or maintaining benefits. The counterparties of the unethical conduct under the preceding paragraph include public officials, political candidates, political parties or their staffs, and government-owned or private-owned enterprises or institutions and

their directors, supervisors, managerial officers, employees, persons having substantial control, or other interested parties.

Article 5 Types of benefits

For the purposes of these Procedures and Guidelines, the term "benefits" means any money, gratuity, gift, commission, position, service, preferential treatment, rebate, facilitating payment, entertainment, dining, or any other item of value in whatever form or name.

Article 6 Responsible Unit

The Company shall designate the Audit Department for the specialized unit (hereinafter referred to as the specialized unit of the Company) to handle the revision, execution, interpretation, consulting service and notification content registration and file construction of this operating procedure and behavior guide, and supervise the implementation and shall regularly report to the Board of Directors.

- 6.1 Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into this Corporation's business strategy and adopting appropriate preventive measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations.
- 6.2 Adopting programs to prevent unethical conduct and setting out in each program the standard operating procedures and conduct guidelines with respect to this Corporation's operations and business.
- 6.3 Promoting and coordinating awareness and educational activities with respect to ethics policy.
- 6.4 Developing a whistle-blowing system and ensuring its operating effectiveness.
- 6.5 Assist the Board of Directors and management to check and evaluate whether the preventive measures established by honest business are operating effectively, and regularly evaluate and comply with relevant business processes and prepare reports.

Article 7 Prohibition against providing or accepting improper benefits

Except under one of the following circumstances, when providing, accepting, promising, or requesting, directly or indirectly, any benefits as specified in Article 4, the conduct of the given personnel of the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for

TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies and these Procedures and Guidelines, and the relevant procedures shall have been carried out:

- 7.1 Based on business needs, offering and accepting bribes in accordance with local courtesies, customs, and habits during domestic/foreign visits, guest-hosting, and promoting business and communication.
- 7.2 Normal social events attended or held and inviting others based on social etiquette, business purposes, or improving relationships.
- 7.3 Inviting guests or being invited to participate in specific business activities or factory tours due to business needs. Fees and payment methods for such activities shall be clearly stated before the event, including the number of participants, level of accommodation, and duration, etc. 7.4 Attendance at folk festivals that are open to and invite the attendance of the general public.
- 7.4 Rewards, emergency assistance, condolence payments, or honorariums of the management.
- 7.5 Other conduct that complies with the rules of the Company.

Article 8 Procedures for Handling the Acceptance of Improper Benefits

Except under any of the circumstances set forth in the preceding article, when any personnel of this Company are provided with or are promised, either directly or indirectly, any benefits as specified in Article 4 by a third party, the matter shall be handled in accordance with the following procedures:

- a) If there is no relationship of interest between the party providing or offering the benefit and the official duties of the Company's personnel, the personnel shall report to their immediate supervisor within 3 days from the acceptance of the benefit, and the responsible unit shall be notified if necessary.
- b) If there is a relationship of interest between the party offering or promising the benefit and the official duties of the Company's personnel, the personnel shall return or refuse the benefit, and shall report to their immediate supervisor and notify the dedicated unit. When the benefit cannot be returned, the personnel shall refer the matter to the responsible unit within three days after accepting the benefit for further action

The aforementioned job stake refers to any one of the following:

a) When the two parties have commercial dealings, a relationship of direction and supervision, or subsidies (or rewards) for expenses.

- b) When a contracting, trading, or other contractual relationship is being sought, is in progress, or has been established.
- c) Other circumstances in which a decision regarding Merry's business, or the execution or non-execution of business, will result in a beneficial or adverse impact.

The dedicated unit of the Company shall, depending on the nature and value of the first benefit, propose a return, payment acceptance, confiscation, donation to charity or other appropriate recommendations, and report to the General Manager or the top competent supervisor of each branch/plant area for approval before implementation.

Article 9 Prohibition of Facilitation Payments and Handling Procedures

The Company shall not offer or promise to offer any bribery.

Personnel of the Company who provide or promise bribes because of threats or intimidation shall record the process and report to their direct supervisor as well as notify the Company's dedicated unit.

The Company's dedicated unit shall handle the matter immediately when a report of the aforementioned items is received. The dedicated unit shall discuss the event to lower the risk of reoccurrence. In a case involving alleged illegality, the dedicated unit shall also immediately report to the relevant judicial agency.

Article 10 Procedures for handling charitable donations or sponsorships

The charitable donation or sponsorship provided by the Company shall be handled in accordance with the following matters, and reported to the General Manager or the top manager of each branch/plant area for approval, and a notification shall be given to the Company's dedicated unit. When the amount is NT\$1 million or more, the donation or sponsorship shall be provided only after it has been submitted for adoption in accordance with the provisions of the approval authority:

- 10.1 Shall comply with the local laws of the operating site.
- 10.2 A written record of the decision shall be made.
- 10.3 Charitable donations shall be made to charitable organizations and may not be used as disguised bribes.
- 10.4 Considering what can be gained in exchange for sponsorship must be clearly defined and reasonable. The recipient of sponsorship cannot be a business partner or person with interests in the Company.

10.5 After the donation or sponsorship has been granted, it must be confirmed that the funds are used in accordance with the intended purpose.

Article 11: Recusal

If in the course of conducting company business, any personnel of this Company discovers that a potential conflict of interest exists involving themselves or the juristic person that they represent, or that they or their spouse, parents, children, or a person with whom they have a relationship of interest is likely to obtain improper benefits, the personnel shall report the relevant matters to both his or her immediate supervisor and the responsible unit, and the immediate supervisor shall provide the personnel with proper instructions.

No personnel of the Company may use company resources on commercial activities other than those of the Company, nor may any personnel's job performance be affected by his or her involvement in the commercial activities other than those of the Company.

Article 12 Special unit in charge of confidentiality regime and its responsibilities

The Company shall set up a legal office charged with formulating and implementing procedures for managing, preserving, and maintaining the confidentiality of the Company's trade secrets, trademarks, patents, works and other intellectual properties and it shall also conduct periodical reviews on the results of implementation to ensure the sustained effectiveness of the confidentiality procedures.

The personnel of this Company should strictly abide by the relevant operating regulations of the Company's commercial secrets and must not disclose the Company's commercial secrets that they know to others and must not inquire or collect Company commercial secrets that are not related to their duties.

Article 13 Prohibition Against Divulging Commercial Secrets

This Company shall follow the Fair Trade Act and applicable competition laws and regulations when engaging in business activities, and may not fix prices, make rigged bids, establish output restrictions or quotas, or share or divide markets by allocating customers, suppliers, territories, or lines of commerce.

Article 14 Prohibition against Insider Trading

The Company shall collect and understand the applicable laws and regulations and international standards governing its products and services which it shall observe and gather and publish all the guidelines to cause personnel of the Company to ensure the

transparency of information about, and safety of, the products and services in the course of their research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services.

The Company shall adopt and publish on its website a policy on the protection of the rights and interests of consumers or other stakeholders to prevent its products and services from directly or indirectly damaging the rights and interests, health, and safety of consumers or other stakeholders.

Article 15 Confidentiality Agreement

All personnel of the Company shall adhere to the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Act, and may not take advantage of undisclosed information of which they have learned to engage in insider trading. Such personnel are also prohibited from divulging undisclosed information to any other party, in order to prevent other parties from using such information to engage in insider trading.

Any organization or person outside of the Company that is involved in any merger, demerger, acquisition and share transfer, major memorandum of understanding, strategic alliance, other business partnership plan, or the signing of a major contract by the Company shall be required to sign a non-disclosure agreement in which they undertake not to disclose to any other party any trade secret or other material information of the Company acquired as a result, and that they may not use such information without the prior consent of the Company.

Article 16 Announcement of policy of ethical management to outside parties

The Company shall disclose its integrity management policy in internal regulations, Annual Reports, company websites or other publications, and announce it at product launch conferences, legal person briefings and other external events in a timely manner to enable suppliers, customers, or other business-related organizations and personnel to clearly understand its integrity management philosophy and norms.

Article 17 Ethical management evaluation prior to development of commercial relationships
Before the Company establishes a business relationship with others, it should first
evaluate the legality of its agents, suppliers, customers or other business dealings, as
well as their ethical management policies, and ascertain whether they have a record
of involvement in unethical conduct in order to ensure that they conduct business in
a fair and transparent manner and do not request, offer, or take bribes.

When the Company carries out the evaluation under the preceding paragraph, it may

adopt appropriate audit procedures for a review of the counterparty with which it will have commercial dealings with respect to the following matters, in order to gain a comprehensive knowledge of its ethical management:

- 17.1 The enterprise's nationality, location of business operations, organizational structure, and management policy, and place where it will make payment.
- 17.2 Whether the enterprise has adopted an ethical management policy, and the status of its implementation.
- 17.3 Whether enterprise's business operations are located in a country with a high risk of corruption.
- 17.4 Whether the business operated by the enterprise is in an industry with a high risk of bribery.
- 17.5 The long-term business condition and degree of goodwill of the enterprise.
- 17.6 Consultation with the enterprise's business partners on their opinion of the enterprise.
- 17.7 Whether the enterprise has a record of involvement in unethical conduct such as bribery or illegal political contributions.
- Article 18 Statement of ethical management policy to counterparties in commercial dealings
 While conducting businesses, the Company's personnel shall clarify the Company's
 ethical management policy and other related regulations to the transaction partner.
 Company personnel shall clearly refuse to directly or indirectly offer, promise to
 offer, request, or accept any forms of improper benefits.

Article 19 Avoidance of commercial dealings with unethical operators

The Company's personnel shall avoid businesses with agents, suppliers, customers, or other entities who engage in unethical conduct. Any existing business shall be stopped and the entities shall be listed on the banned list to implement the Company's ethical management policy.

Article 20 Stipulation of terms of ethical management in contracts

Before entering into a contract with another party, the Company shall gain a thorough knowledge of the status of the other party's ethical management, and shall make observance of the ethical management policy of the Company part of the terms and conditions of the contract, stipulating at the least the following matters:

When each party is aware of the violation of the prohibition of acceptance

of commissions, rebates or other improper contract benefits, they shall promptly inform other parties of their identity, offer, promise, demand or acceptance, amount or other improper interests, and provide relevant evidence and cooperate with other parties' investigations. If there has been resultant damage to either party, the party may claim from the other party twenty percent of the contract price as damages, and may also deduct the full amount of the damages from the contract price payable.

- Where a party is discovered to be engaged in unethical conduct in its commercial activities, the other party may terminate or rescind the contract unconditionally at any time.
- 20.3 Specific and reasonable payment terms, including the place and method of payment and the requirement for compliance with related tax laws and regulations.

Article 21 Handling of Unethical Conduct by Personnel of the Company

The Company encourages internal and external personnel to report dishonest behavior or misconduct, and according to the severity of the reported violations, and a reward shall be given to the reporting person in accordance with the Employee Handbook. If internal personnel make false reports or malicious accusations, they shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions. In severe cases, the person can be dismissed.

This Company shall internally establish and publicly announce on its website and the intranet, or provide through an independent external institution, an independent mailbox or hotline, for Company insiders and outsiders to submit reports (the QR code is shown below, as is the company website).

The informant can report by name or unnamed, and the following information should be provided when making a report:

- a) The informed party's name or other information sufficient to distinguish its identifying features.
- b) Specific facts available for investigation.

The relevant personnel of the Company handling whistle-blowing shall make a written statement that the identity of whistleblowers and the content of their whistle-blowing shall be kept confidential. The Company also promises to protect

whistleblowers from improper disposal due to their whistle-blowing, and the Company's dedicated unit will handle it in accordance with the following procedures:

 Reporting matters involving general employees should be reported to the department head. Reporting matters involving Directors or senior executive



should be reported to Independent Directors.

d) The responsible unit of the

Company and the department head

or personnel being reported to in the

preceding subparagraph shall

immediately verify the facts and,

where necessary, with the assistance of the legal compliance or other related department.

- e) If a person being informed of is confirmed to have indeed violated the applicable laws and regulations, or the Company's policy and regulations of ethical management, the Company shall immediately require the violator to cease the conduct and shall make an appropriate disposition. When necessary, the Company may institute legal proceedings and seek damages to safeguard its reputation and its rights and interests.
- f) Documentation of case acceptance, investigation processes and investigation results shall be retained for 5 years and may be retained electronically. In the event of a suit in respect of the whistle-blowing case before the retention period expires, the relevant information shall continue to be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.
- g) With respect to a confirmed information, Merry shall charge relevant units with the task of reviewing the internal control system and relevant procedures and proposing corrective measures to prevent recurrence.

Article 22 Actions upon event of unethical conduct by others towards the Company
If any personnel of the Company discovers that another party has engaged in
unethical conduct towards the Company, and such unethical conduct involves
alleged illegality, the Company shall report the relevant facts to the judicial and
prosecutorial authorities; where a public service agency or public official is involved,
the Company shall notify the governmental anti-corruption agency.

Article 23 Establishment of Rewards and Punishments, Appeal Systems and Disciplinary Sanctions

The Company shall organize an internal promotion every year and arrange for the Chairman, General Manager or senior management like Directors, employees and appointed to convey the importance of integrity.

The Company should incorporate integrity management into employee performance appraisal and human resources policies and establish clear and effective rewards, punishments and appeal systems.

If any personnel of the Company seriously violates ethical conduct, the Company shall dismiss the personnel from his or her position or terminate his or her employment in accordance with applicable laws and regulations or the personnel policy and procedures of the Company.

Article 24 Implementation

These Procedures and Guidelines of Conduct shall be implemented after being passed as a board resolution by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, and shall be reported at the shareholder's meeting; the same is true for amendments.

Appendix II Articles of Incorporation (Before Amendment) THE COMPANIES ACT (REVISED) Company Limited by Shares

AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

AIRMATE (CAYMAN) INTERNATIONAL CO LIMITED

艾美特(開曼)國際有限公司

(adopted by a Special Resolution passed on June 19, 2023)

THE COMPANIES ACT (REVISED) Company Limited by Shares

AMENDED AND RESTATED

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

AIRMATE (CAYMAN) INTERNATIONAL CO LIMITED

艾美特(開曼)國際有限公司

(adopted by a Special Resolution passed on June 19, 2023)

- 1. The name of the Company is **Airmate** (**Cayman**) **International Co Limited** 艾美特(開曼)國際有限公司.
- 2. The Registered Office of the Company shall be at the offices of Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands or at such other place as the Directors may from time to time decide.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are unrestricted and the Company shall have full power and authority to carry out any object not prohibited by any law as provided by the Companies Act (Revised).
- 4. The Company shall have and be capable of exercising all the functions of a natural person of full capacity irrespective of any question of corporate benefit as provided by the Companies Act (Revised).
- 5. Nothing in the preceding sections shall be deemed to permit the Company to carry on the business of a Bank or Trust Company without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Banks & Trust Companies Act (as amended), or to carry on Insurance Business from within the Cayman Islands or the business of an Insurance Manager, Agent, Sub-agent or Broker without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Insurance Act (as amended), or to carry on the business of Company Management without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Companies Management Act (as amended).
- 6. The Company will not trade in the Cayman Islands with any person, firm or corporation except in furtherance of the business of the Company carried on outside the Cayman Islands; provided that nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent the Company effecting and concluding contracts in the Cayman Islands, and exercising in the Cayman Islands all of its powers necessary for the carrying on of its business outside the Cayman Islands.
- 7. The liability of each Member is limited to the amount from time to time unpaid on such Member's shares.
- 8. The authorised share capital of the Company is New Taiwan Dollars 2,162,500,000 divided into 216,250,000 ordinary shares of a par value of New Taiwan Dollars 10.00 each provided always that subject to the provisions of the Companies Act (Revised) and the Articles of Association the Company shall have power to redeem or purchase any of its shares and to sub-divide or consolidate the said shares or any of them and to issue all or any part of its capital whether original, redeemed, increased or reduced with or without any preference, priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly provide every issue of shares whether stated to be Ordinary, Preference or otherwise shall be subject to the powers on the part of the Company hereinbefore provided.
- 9. If the Company is registered as exempted, its operations will be carried on subject to the provisions of Section 174 of the Companies Act (Revised) and, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act (Revised) and the Articles of Association, it shall have the power to register by way of continuation as a body corporate limited by shares under the laws of any jurisdiction outside the Cayman Islands and to be deregistered in the Cayman Islands.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table A **INTERPRETATION**

1. Definitions

SHARES

- 2. Power to Issue Shares
- 3. Redemption and Purchase of Shares
- 4. Rights Attaching to **Shares**
- 5. Share Certificates
- 6. Preferred Shares

REGISTRATION OF SHARES

- 7. Register of Members
- 8. Registered Holder Absolute Owner
- 9. Transfer of Registered Shares
- 10. Transmission of **Registered Shares**

ORDINARY RESOLUTION, SUPERMAJORITY RESOLUTION AND **SPECIAL** RESOLUTION

- 11. Alteration of Capital
- 12. Special Resolution and 39. Defect in Election of Supermajority Resolution
- 13. Variation of Rights Attaching to Shares

DIVIDENDS AND CAPITALISATION

- 14. Dividends
- 15. Capital Reserve and Power to Set Aside Profits
- 16. Method of Payment
- 17. Capitalisation

MEETINGS OF **MEMBERS**

- 18. Annual General Meetings
- 19. Extraordinary **General Meetings**
- 20. Notice
- 21. Giving Notice

- 22. Postponement of General Meeting
- 23. Quorum and Proceedings at General Meetings
- 24. Chairman to Preside
- 25. Voting on Resolutions
- 26. Proxies
- 27. Proxy Solicitation
- 28. Dissenting Member's Appraisal Right
- 29. Shares that May Not be Voted
- 30. Voting by Joint Holders of **Shares**
- 31. Representation of Corporate Member
- 32. Adjournment of General Meeting
- 33. Directors Attendance at General Meetings

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

- 34. Number and Term of Office of Directors
- 35. Election of Directors
- 36. Removal of Directors
- 37. Vacation of Office of Director
- 38. Compensation of Directors
- Director
- 40. Directors to Manage Business
- 41. Powers of the Board of **Directors**
- 42. Register of Directors and **Officers**
- 43. Officers
- 44. Appointment of Officers
- 45. Duties of Officers
- 46. Compensation of Officers
- 47. Conflict of Interest
- 48. Indemnification and Exculpation of Directors and Officers

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 49. Board Meetings
- 50. Notice of Board Meetings
- 51. Participation in Meetings by Video Conference
- 52. Quorum at Board Meetings
- 53. Board to Continue in the **Event of Vacancy**
- 54. Chairman to Preside
- 55. Validity of Prior Acts of the Board

CORPORATE RECORDS

- 56. Minutes
- 57. Register of Mortgages and Charges
- 58. Form and Use of Seal

TENDER OFFER AND **ACCOUNTS**

- 59. Tender Offer
- 60. Books of Account
- 61. Financial Year End

AUDIT COMMITTEE

- 62. Number of Committee Members
- 63. Power of Audit Committee

VOLUNTARY WINDING-UP AND DISSOLUTION

64. Winding-Up

CHANGES TO CONSTITUTION

65. Changes to Articles

REDUCTION OF SHARE **CAPITAL**

- 66. Reduction of Share Capital
- 67. Discontinuance
- 68. Appointment of Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent **OTHERS**

- 69. Shareholder Protection Mechanism
- 70. ROC Securities Laws and Regulations
- 71. Corporate Social Responsibilities

THE COMPANIES ACT (Revised) Company Limited by Shares

AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

AIRMATE (CAYMAN) INTERNATIONAL CO LIMITED 艾美特(開曼)國際有限公司

(adopted by a Special Resolution passed on June 19, 2023)

Table A

The regulations in Table A in the First Schedule to the Law (as defined below) do not apply to the Company.

INTERPRETATION

1. **Definitions**

1.1 In these Amended and Restated Articles, the following words and expressions shall, where not inconsistent with the context, have the following meanings, respectively:

Applicable Law	the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Law or such other
----------------	--

rules or legislation applicable to the Company;

Applicable Public Company Rules the ROC laws, rules and regulations (including, without

limitation, the Company Law of the ROC, the Securities and Exchange Law of the ROC, the rules and regulations promulgated by the FSC, the rules and regulations promulgated by the TPEx and the rules and regulations promulgated by the TSE, as amended from time to time) affecting public reporting companies or companies listed on any ROC stock exchange or securities market that from time to time are required by the relevant regulator as

applicable to the Company;

Articles these Articles of Association as altered from time to

time;

Audit Committee the audit committee of the Board, which shall comprise

solely of all the Independent Directors of the Company;

Board the board of directors appointed or elected pursuant to the

Articles and acting at a meeting of directors at which there

is a quorum in accordance with the Articles;

Book Closure Period has the meaning given thereto in Article 20.3;

Capital Reserve for the purpose of the Articles only, comprises of the

premium paid on the issuance of any share and income

from endowments received by the Company under the

Law;

Chairman the Director elected amongst all the Directors as the

chairman of the Board;

Company Airmate (Cayman) International Co Limited 艾美特(開

曼)國際有限公司;

Compensation Committee a committee of the Board, which shall be comprised of

professional individuals and having the functions, in each case, prescribed by the Applicable Public Company

Rules;

Cumulative Voting the voting mechanism for an election of Directors as

described in Article 35.2;

Directors the directors for the time being of the Company and shall

include any and all Independent Director(s);

Directors' Remuneration has the meaning given thereto in Article 14.5;

Dissenting Member has the meaning given thereto in Article 28.2;

Electronic Record has the same meaning as in the Electronic Transactions

Act;

Electronic Transactions Act the Electronic Transactions Act (2003 Revision) of the

Cayman Islands;

Employees' Compensations has the meaning given thereto in Article 14.5;

ESM the emerging stock market of the ROC;

Family Relationship within Second

Degree of Kinship

in respect of a person, means another person who is related to the first person either by blood or by marriage of a member of the family and within the second degree shall include the parents, siblings, grandparents, children and grandchildren of the first person as well as the parents, siblings and grandparents of the first person's

spouse;

FSC the Financial Supervisory Commission of the ROC;

Independent Directors the Directors who are elected as "Independent Directors"

in accordance with the Applicable Public Company

Rules or the Articles;

Joint Operation Contract a contract between the Company and one or more

person(s) or entit(ies) where the parties thereto agree to pursue the same business venture and jointly bear losses and enjoy profits arising out of such business venture in

accordance with the terms thereof;

Law The Companies Act (Revised) of the Cayman Islands and

every modification, reenactment or revision thereof for

the time being in force;

Lease Contract

Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent

Management Contract

Market Observation Post System

Member

Memorandum

Merger

a contract or arrangement between the Company and any other person(s) pursuant to which such person(s) lease or rent from the Company the necessary means and assets to operate the whole business of the Company in the name of such person, and as consideration, the Company receives a pre-determined compensation from such person;

a person appointed by the Company pursuant to the Applicable Law as the Company's process agent for purposes of service of documents in the relevant jurisdiction and the Company's responsible person in the ROC under the Securities and Exchange Law of the ROC:

a contract or arrangement between the Company and any other person(s) pursuant to which such person(s) manage and operate the business of the Company in the name of and for the benefit of the Company, and as consideration, such person(s) receive a pre-determined compensation from the Company while the Company continues to be entitled to the profits (or losses) of such business;

the public company reporting system maintained by the TSE;

the person registered in the Register of Members as the holder of shares in the Company and, when two or more persons are so registered as joint holders of shares, means the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of such joint holders or all of such persons, as the context so requires;

the memorandum of association of the Company;

a transaction whereby:

- (a) (i) all of the companies participating in such transaction are combined into a new company, which new company generally assumes all rights and obligations of the combined companies; or (ii) all of the companies participating in such transaction are merged into one of such companies as the surviving company, and the surviving company generally assumes all rights and obligations of the merged companies, and in each case the consideration for the transaction being the shares of the surviving or new company or any other company, cash or other assets; or
- (b) other forms of mergers and acquisitions which fall within the definition of "merger and/or consolidation"

under the Applicable Public Company Rules;

month calendar month;

Notice written notice as further provided in the Articles unless

otherwise specifically stated;

Officer any person appointed by the Board to hold an office in

the Company;

Ordinary Resolution a resolution passed at a general meeting (or, if so

specified, a meeting of Members holding a class of shares) of the Company by not less than a simple

majority of the votes cast;

Preferred Shares has the meaning given thereto in Article 6;

Private Placement means, for so long as the shares are traded on the ESM

or listed on the TSE, the private placement by the Company of shares or other securities of the Company as permitted by the Applicable Public Company Rules;

Register of Directors and Officers the register of directors and officers referred to in the

Articles;

Register of Members the register of members of the Company maintained in

accordance with the Law and (as long as the shares of the Company are traded on the ESM or listed on the

TSE) the Applicable Public Company Rules;

Registered Office the registered office for the time being of the Company;

Restricted Shares has the meaning given thereto in Article 2.5;

ROC Taiwan, the Republic of China;

Seal the common seal or any official or duplicate seal

of the Company;

Secretary the person appointed to perform any or all of the duties

of secretary of the Company and includes any deputy or assistant secretary and any person appointed by the

Board to perform any of the duties of the Secretary;

share(s) share(s) of par value New Taiwan Dollars 10.00

each in the Company;

Share Swap a 100% share swap as defined in the ROC Business

Mergers and Acquisitions Act whereby a company (the "Acquiring Company") acquiring all the issued and outstanding shares of another company with the consideration being the shares of the Acquiring

Company, cash or other assets;

Special Resolution Subject to the Law, means a resolution passed at a

general meeting of the Company by a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast by such Members who, being

46

entitled to do so, vote in person or by their proxies, or, in the case of Members that are corporations or other non-natural person, by their duly authorised representatives by computing the number of votes to which each Member is entitled:

a spin-off as defined in the ROC Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act whereby a company transfers a part or all of its business that may be operated independently to an existing company or newly incorporated company (the "Acquirer") with the consideration being the shares of the Acquirer, cash or other assets;

has the meaning given thereto in Article 14.5;

with respect to any company, (1) the entity, more than one half of whose total number of the issued voting shares or the total amount of the share capital are directly or indirectly held by such company; (2) the entity that such company has a direct or indirect control over its personnel, financial or business operation; (3) the entity, one half or more of whose shareholders involved in management or board of directors are concurrently acting as the shareholders involved in management or board of directors of such company; and (4) the entity, one half or more of whose total number of issued voting shares or the total amount of the share capital are held by the same shareholder(s) of such company;

a resolution passed by a majority vote of the Members present at a general meeting attended by Members who represent two-thirds or more of the total issued shares or, if the total number of shares represented by the Members present at the general meeting is less than two-thirds of the total issued shares, but more than one half of the total issued shares, means instead, a resolution passed by two-thirds or more of votes cast by the Members present

at such general meeting;

has the meaning given thereto in Article 3.13; the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation;

the Taipei Exchange;

the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation; and

calendar year.

Spin-off

Statutory Reserve

Subsidiary

Supermajority Resolution

Treasury Shares

TDCC

TPEx

TSE year

1.2 In the Articles, where not inconsistent with the context:

- (a) words denoting the plural number include the singular number and vice versa;
- (b) words denoting the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter genders;

- (c) words importing persons include companies, associations or bodies of persons whether corporate or not;
- (d) the words:-
 - (i) "may" shall be construed as permissive; and
 - (ii) "shall" shall be construed as imperative;
- (e) "written" and "in writing" include all modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form, including the form of an Electronic Record;
- (f) a reference to statutory provision shall be deemed to include any amendment or re-enactment thereof:
- (g) unless otherwise provided herein, words or expressions defined in the Law shall bear the same meaning in the Articles; and
- (h) Section 8 of the Electronic Transactions Act shall not apply to the extent that it imposes obligations or requirements in addition to those set out in the Articles.
- 1.3 In the Articles expressions referring to writing or its cognates shall, unless the contrary intention appears, include facsimile, printing, lithography, photography, electronic mail and other modes of representing words in visible form.
- **1.4** Headings used in the Articles are for convenience only and are not to be used or relied upon in the construction hereof.

SHARES

2. Power to Issue Shares

- 2.1 Subject to the Applicable Law, the Articles and any resolution of the Members to the contrary, and without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, the Board shall have the power to issue any unissued shares of the Company on such terms and conditions as it may determine and any shares or class of shares (including the issue or grant of options, warrants and other rights, renounceable or otherwise in respect of shares) may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital, or otherwise as the Company may by resolution of the Members prescribe, provided that no share shall be issued at a discount except in accordance with the Law and the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 2.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Articles, the issue of new shares of the Company shall be approved by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors. The issue of new shares shall at all times be subject to the sufficiency of the authorized capital of the Company.
- After the application for trading of the shares on the ESM has been approved by the 2.3 TPEx, where the Company increases its issued share capital by issuing new shares for cash consideration in the ROC, the Company shall allocate 10% of the total amount of the new shares to be issued, for offering in the ROC to the public ("Public Offering **Portion**") unless it is not necessary or appropriate, as determined by the FSC, the TPEx or TSE (as applicable) for the Company to conduct the aforementioned public offering or otherwise provided by Applicable Law. However, if a percentage higher than the aforementioned 10% is resolved by the Members in a general meeting by Ordinary Resolution to be offered, the percentage determined by such resolution shall prevail and shares corresponding to such percentage shall be reserved as Public Offering Portion. The Company may also reserve 10% to 15% of such new shares for subscription by the employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries (the "Employee Subscription Portion"). The Company may prohibit such employees from transferring the shares so subscribed within a certain period; provided, however, that such a period cannot be more than two years.
- 2.4 Unless otherwise resolved by the Members in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution, where the Company increases its issued share capital by issuing new shares for cash consideration pursuant to Article 2.3 hereof, after allocation of the Public Offering Portion, including, for the avoidance of doubt, any percentage in excess of 10% of the total amount of the new shares to be issued for offering in the ROC to the public as

resolved by the Members in general meeting be offered pursuant to Article 2.3, and the Employee Subscription Portion pursuant to Article 2.3 hereof, the Company shall make a public announcement and notify each Member that he is entitled to exercise a pre-emptive right to purchase his pro rata portion of the remaining new shares, to be issued in the capital increase for cash consideration. The Company shall state in such announcement and notices to the Members the procedures for exercising such pre-emptive rights. Where an exercise of the pre-emptive right may result in fractional entitlement of a Member, the entitlements (including fractional entitlements) of two or more Members may be combined to jointly subscribe for one or more whole new shares in the name of a single Member, subject to compliance with such directions and terms and conditions as determined by the Board and the Applicable Public Company Rules. If the total number of the new shares to be issued has not been fully subscribed for by the Members within the prescribed period, the Company may consolidate such shares into the public offering tranche or offer any un-subscribed new shares to a specific person or persons in such manner as is consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

If any person who has subscribed the new shares (by exercising the aforesaid pre-emptive right of Members or subscribing the Public Offering Portion or the Employee Subscription Portion) fails to pay when due any amount of the subscription price in relation to such newly-issued shares within the payment period as determined by the Company, the Company shall fix a period of no less than one month and call for payment of the subscription price or the Company may declare a forfeiture of such subscription. No forfeiture of such subscription shall be declared as against any such person unless the amount due thereon shall remain unpaid for such period after such demand has been made. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding sentence, forfeiture of the subscription may be declared without the demand process if the payment period for subscription price set by the Company is one month or longer. Upon forfeiture of the subscription, the shares remaining unsubscribed to shall be offered for subscription in such manner as is consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

2.5 Subject to the provisions of the Law, the Company may issue new shares with restricted rights ("Restricted Shares") to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries with the sanction of a Supermajority Resolution provided that Article 2.3 hereof shall not apply in respect of the issue of such shares. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the terms of issue of Restricted Shares, including but not limited to the number of Restricted Shares so issued, issue price of Restricted Shares and other related matters shall be in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

- 2.6 The pre-emptive right of employees under Article 2.3 and the pre-emptive right of Members under Article 2.4 shall not apply in the event that new shares are issued due to the following reasons or for the following purposes:
 - (a) in connection with a Merger, Spin-off, or pursuant to any reorganization of the Company;
 - (b) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under share subscription warrants and/or options, including those rendered in Articles 2.8 and 2.11 hereof;
 - (c) in connection with the issue of Restricted Shares in accordance with Article 2.5 hereof;
 - (d) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under convertible bonds or corporate bonds vested with rights to acquire shares;
 - (e) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under Preferred Shares vested with rights to acquire shares;
 - (f) in connection with the issue of shares in accordance with Article 14.5; or
 - (g) in connection with Private Placement of the securities issued by the Company.
- **2.7** The Company shall not issue any unpaid shares or partly paid-up shares.
- 2.8 Notwithstanding Article 2.5 hereof, the Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, adopt one or more employee incentive programmes and may issue shares or options, warrants or other similar instruments, to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries, and for the avoidance of doubt, resolution of the Members is not required.
- **2.9** Options, warrants or other similar instruments issued in accordance with Article 2.8 above are not transferable save by inheritance.
- 2.10 Directors of the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not be eligible for Restricted Shares pursuant to Article 2.5 hereof or the incentive programmes pursuant to Article 2.8 hereof, provided that directors who are also employees of the Company or its Subsidiaries may subscribe for Restricted Shares or participate in an incentive programme in their capacity as an employee and not as a director of the Company or its Subsidiaries.
- 2.11 The Company may enter into agreements with employees of the Company and/or the employees of its Subsidiaries in relation to the incentive programme approved pursuant to Article 2.8 above, whereby employees may subscribe for, within a specific period, a specific number of the shares. The terms and conditions of such agreements shall be no less restrictive on the relevant employee than the terms specified in the applicable incentive programme.

2.12 Without prejudice to any provisions in this Article 2, where shares are issued by the Company for purposes of changing the currency denomination of share capital of the Company as approved by the members at a general meeting (the "Redenomination"), to the extent that the percentage of shareholding interest of the members of the Company will not be affected and the members are not required to pay for any new shares issued in connection with the Redenomination (other than out of the proceeds of any share buy back of their existing shares which are subject to the Redenomination), no further approval or consent of the Member or Members shall be required.

3. Redemption and Purchase of Shares

- **3.1** Subject to the Law, the Company is authorised to issue shares which are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or a Member.
- 3.2 The Company is authorised to make payments in respect of the redemption of its shares out of capital or out of any other account or fund authorised for this purpose in accordance with the Law.
- **3.3** The redemption price of a redeemable share, or the method of calculation thereof, shall be fixed by the Board at or before the time of issue.
- **3.4** Every share certificate relating to redeemable share shall indicate that the share is redeemable.
- 3.5 (i) Subject to the provisions of the Applicable Law and the Articles, the Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) on such terms and in such manner as the Directors may determine.
 - (ii) Without prejudice to Article 3.5.(i), in the case of a repurchase of shares by the Company for purposes of changing the currency denomination of share capital of the Company, consent of the holders of the shares subject to such repurchase shall not be required.
- 3.6 In the event that the Company proposes to purchase any share traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE pursuant to the preceding Article, the resolution of the Board approving such proposal and the implementation thereof should be reported to the Members in the next general meeting in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. Such reporting obligation shall also apply even if the Company does not implement the proposal to purchase its shares traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE for any reason.

- 3.7 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Company is authorised to purchase any share traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE in accordance with the following manner of purchase:
 - (a) the total price of the shares purchased by the Company shall not exceed the sum of retained earnings minus earnings distribution resolved by the Board or the general meeting, plus the following realized capital reserve:
 - (i) the premium received from the disposal of assets that has not been booked as retained earnings;
 - (ii) the premium paid on the issuance of any share and income from endowments received by the Company provided however that income from the shares shall not be included before such shares have been transferred to others:
 - (b) the maximum number of shares purchased by the Company shall not exceed ten percent of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company; and
 - (c) the purchase shall be at such time, at such price and on such other terms as determined and agreed by the Board in its sole discretion provided however that:
 - (i) such purchase transactions shall be in accordance with the applicable ROC securities laws and regulations and the Applicable Public Company Rules; and
 - (ii) such purchase transactions shall be in accordance with the Law.
- 3.8 The redemption price may be paid in any manner authorised by Article 16.1.
- 3.9 A delay in payment of the redemption price shall not affect the redemption but, in the case of a delay of more than thirty days, interest shall be paid for the period from the due date until actual payment at a rate which the Directors, after due enquiry, estimate to be representative of the rates being offered by banks holding "A" licenses (as defined in the Banks and Trust Companies Act (Revised) of the Cayman Islands) in the Cayman Islands for thirty day deposits in the same currency.
- **3.10** The Directors may exercise as they think fit the powers conferred on the Company by Section 37(5) of the Law (payment out of capital) but only if and to the extent that the redemption could not otherwise be made (or not without making a fresh issue of shares for this purpose).
- **3.11** Subject as aforesaid, the Directors may determine, as they think fit all questions that may arise concerning the manner in which the redemption of the shares shall or may be effected.
- **3.12** No share may be redeemed unless it is fully paid-up.

- **3.13** Shares that the Company purchases, redeems or acquires (by way of surrender or otherwise) shall be cancelled immediately or held as treasury shares ("**Treasury Shares**") at the discretion of the Directors.
- **3.14** No dividend may be declared or paid, and no other distribution (whether in cash or otherwise) of the Company's assets (including any distribution of assets to Members on a winding up of the Company) may be made to the Company in respect of a Treasury Share.
- **3.15** The Company shall be entered in the Register of Members as the holder of the Treasury Shares provided that:
 - (a) the Company shall not be treated as a Member for any purpose and shall not exercise any right in respect of the Treasury Shares, and any purported exercise of such a right shall be void;
 - (b) a Treasury Share shall not be voted, directly or indirectly, at any meeting of the Company and shall not be counted in determining the total number of issued shares at any given time, whether for the purposes of the Articles or the Law.
- 3.16 After the Company purchases the shares traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, any proposal to transfer the Treasury Shares to the employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries at a price below the average actual repurchase price must be approved by Special Resolution in the next general meeting and the items required by the Applicable Public Company Rules shall be specified in the notice of the general meeting and may not be proposed as an extemporary motion. The aggregate number of Treasury Shares resolved at all general meetings and transferred to the employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not exceed 5% of the total issued shares, and each employee may not subscribe for more than 0.5% of the total issued shares in aggregate. The Company may prohibit such employees from transferring such Treasury Shares within a certain period; provided, however, that such a period cannot be more than two years.
- **3.17** Subject to Article 3.16 and the Applicable Public Company Rules, Treasury Shares may be disposed of by the Company on such terms and conditions as determined by the Directors.

4. Rights Attaching to Shares

Subject to Article 2.1, the Memorandum and the Articles, other contractual obligations or restrictions that the Company is bound by and any resolution of the Members to the contrary and without prejudice to any special rights conferred thereby on the holders of any other shares or class of shares, the share capital of the Company shall be divided into shares of a single class the holders of which shall, subject to the provisions of the Articles:

- (a) be entitled to one vote per share;
- (b) be entitled to such dividends as recommended by the Board and approved by the Members at general meeting;
- (c) in the event of a winding-up or dissolution of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary or for the purpose of a reorganization or otherwise or upon any distribution of capital, be entitled to the surplus assets of the Company; and
- (d) generally be entitled to enjoy all of the rights attaching to shares.

5. Share Certificates

- 5.1 The Company may issue shares in uncertificated/scripless form or issue share certificates. Where share certificates are issued, every Member shall be entitled to a certificate issued under the Seal (or a facsimile thereof), which shall be affixed or imprinted with the authority of the Board, specifying the number and, where appropriate, the class of shares held by such Member. The Board may by resolution determine, either generally or in a particular case, that any or all signatures on certificates may be printed thereon or affixed by mechanical means. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, shares of the Company shall be issued in uncertificated/scripless form unless the issuance of share certificates is required by the provisions of the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 5.2 If any share certificate shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Board to have been worn out, lost, mislaid, or destroyed the Board may cause a new certificate to be issued and request an indemnity for the lost certificate if it sees fit.
- **5.3** Share may not be issued in bearer form.
- 5.4 When the Company shall issue share certificates pursuant to Article 5.1 hereof, the Company shall deliver the share certificates to the subscribers within thirty (30) days from the date such share certificates may be issued pursuant to the Law, the Memorandum, the Articles, and the Applicable Public Company Rules, and shall make a public announcement prior to the delivery of such share certificates pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 5.5 Where the Company shall issue the shares in uncertificated/scripless form, the Company shall comply with the Law and the Applicable Public Company Rules to handle relevant matters, and shall deliver the shares to the subscribers by book-entry transfer through the book-entry system of the TDCC within thirty days after the Company is permitted by applicable listing laws and regulations to issue such shares and make a public announcement prior to the delivery.

6. Preferred Shares

- 6.1 The Company may by Special Resolution designate one or more classes of shares with preferred or other special rights as the Company, by Special Resolution, may determine (shares with such preferred or other special rights, the "Preferred Shares"), and cause to be set forth in the Articles.
- 6.2 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the rights and obligations of Preferred Shares may include (but not limited to) the following terms and shall be consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules:
 - (a) the order of priority and fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of dividends and bonus on Preferred Shares;
 - (b) the order of priority and fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of surplus assets of the Company;
 - (c) the order of priority for or restriction on the voting right(s) (including declaring no voting rights whatsoever) of the Members holding the Preferred Shares;
 - (d) the method by which the Company is authorized or compelled to redeem the Preferred Shares, or a statement that redemption rights shall not apply; and
 - (e) other matters concerning rights and obligations incidental to Preferred Shares.

REGISTRATION OF SHARES

7. Register of Members

- (a) For so long as shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Board shall cause to be kept a Register of Members which may be kept outside the Cayman Islands at such place as the Directors shall appoint and which shall be maintained in accordance with the Law and the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (b) In the event that the Company has shares that are not traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Company shall also cause to be kept a register of such shares in accordance with Section 40 of the Law.

8. Registered Holder Absolute Owner

Except as required by law:

- (a) no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share on any trust; and
- (b) no person other than the Member shall be recognised by the Company as having any right in a share.

9. Transfer of Registered Shares

- **9.1** Title to shares traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE may be evidenced and transferred in a manner consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules (including through the book-entry system of the TDCC).
- 9.2 All transfers of shares which are in certificated form may be effected by an instrument of transfer in writing in any usual form or in any other form which the Board may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, if the Board so requires, by or on behalf of the transferee. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the Board may also resolve, either generally or in any particular case, upon request by either the transferor or transferee, to accept mechanically executed transfers. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an instrument of transfer shall not be required for a repurchase of shares by the Company for purposes of changing the currency of share capital of the Company.
- **9.3** The Board may refuse to recognise any instrument of transfer in respect of shares in certificated form unless it is accompanied by the certificate in respect of the shares to which it relates and by such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.
- **9.4** The joint holders of any share may transfer such share to one or more of such joint holders, and the surviving holder or holders of any share previously held by them jointly with a deceased Member may transfer any such share to the executors or administrators of such deceased Member.
- **9.5** The Board may in its absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor refuse to register the transfer of a share in certificated form in the event such registration of transfer would (i) conflict with the Applicable Law; or (ii) conflict with the Memorandum and/or the Articles. If the Board refuses to register a transfer of any share, the Secretary shall, within three months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to the transferor and transferee notice of the refusal.

10. Transmission of Registered Shares

10.1 In the case of the death of a Member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased Member was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased Member where the deceased Member was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the deceased Member's interest in the shares. Nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by such deceased Member with other persons. Subject to the provisions of Section 39 of the Law, for the purpose of this Article, legal personal representative means the executor or

- administrator of a deceased Member or such other person as the Board may, in its absolute discretion, decide as being properly authorised to deal with the shares of a deceased Member.
- 10.2 Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of any Member may be registered as a Member upon such evidence as the Board may deem sufficient or may elect to nominate some person to be registered as a transferee of such share.
- 10.3 On the presentation of the evidence as the Board may require to prove the title of the transferor, the transferee shall be registered as a Member. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board shall, in any case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration or refuse registration as stipulated in Article 9.5 as it would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by that Member before such Member's death or bankruptcy, as the case may be.
- 10.4 Where two or more persons are registered as joint holders of a share or shares, then in the event of the death of any joint holder or holders the remaining joint holder or holders shall be absolutely entitled to the said share or shares and the Company shall recognise no claim in respect of the estate of any joint holder except in the case of the last survivor of such joint holders.

11. Alteration of Capital

- **11.1** The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:
 - (a) increase its share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such classes and amount, as the resolution shall prescribe;
 - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (c) convert all or any of its paid up shares into stock and reconvert that stock into paid up shares of any denomination;
 - (d) sub-divide its existing shares, or any of them into shares of a smaller amount provided that in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in case of the share from which the reduced share is derived and may by such resolution determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have any such preferred, deferred or other rights or be subject to any such restrictions as compared with the other or others as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares; or

- (e) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
- 11.2 The Board may settle as it considers expedient any difficulty which arises in relation to any consolidation and division under the last preceding Article and in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing may issue certificates in respect of fractions of shares or arrange for the sale of the shares representing fractions and the distribution of the new proceeds of sale (after deduction of the expenses of such sale) in due proportion amongst the Members who would have been entitled to the fractions, and for this purpose the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares representing fractions to their purchaser or resolve that such net proceeds be paid to the Company for the Company's benefit. Such purchaser will not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor will his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION AND SUPERMAJORITY RESOLUTION

12. Special Resolution and Supermajority Resolution

- **12.1** Subject to the Law and the Articles, the Company may from time to time by Special Resolution:
 - (a) change its name;
 - (b) alter or add to the Articles;
 - (c) alter or add to the Memorandum with respect to any objects, powers or other matters specified therein;
 - (d) reduce its share capital and any capital redemption reserve fund; or
 - (e) issue securities by way of Private Placement within the territory of the ROC in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 12.2 Notwithstanding Article 12.1(e) hereof, the ordinary corporate bonds to be issued through Private Placement by the Company in accordance with the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules may be offered in different tranches within one year of the date of the meeting of the Directors approving such Private Placement.
- **12.3** Subject to the Law and Article 12.4, the following actions by the Company shall require the approval of the Members by a Supermajority Resolution:
 - (a) effecting any capitalization of distributable dividends and/or bonuses and/or any other amount prescribed under Article 17 hereof;

- (b) effecting any Merger (except for any Merger which falls within the definition of "merger" and/or "consolidation" under the Law, which requires the approval of the Company by Special Resolution only), Share Swap, or Spin-off of the Company;
- (c) entering into, amend, or terminate any Lease Contract, Management Contract or Joint Operation Contract;
- (d) the transferring of the whole or any essential part of the business or assets of the Company;
- (e) acquiring or assuming the whole business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the Company's operation; or
- (f) issuing employee stock options at an issue price lower than the closing price of the shares on the issue date provided that in no event shall the issue price be lower than the par value per share.

12.4 Subject to the Law, the Company may be wound up voluntarily:

- (a) if the Company resolves by Ordinary Resolution that it be wound up voluntarily because the Company is unable to pay its debts as they fall due; or
- (b) if the Company resolves by Special Resolution that it be wound up voluntarily for reasons other than set out in Article 12.4(a) above.

13. Variation of Rights Attaching to Shares

If, at any time, the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound-up, be varied with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any modification or alteration in the Articles is prejudicial to the preferential rights of any class of shares, such modification or alteration shall be adopted by a Special Resolution and shall also be adopted by a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of Members of that class of shares. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith. To any such meeting all the provisions of the Articles relating to general meetings shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

DIVIDENDS AND CAPITALISATION

14. Dividends

- 14.1 The Board may, subject to approval by the Members by way of Ordinary Resolution or, in the case of Article 12.3(a), Supermajority Resolution and subject to the Articles and any direction of the Company in general meeting, declare a dividend to be paid to the Members in proportion to the number of shares held by them, and such dividend may be paid in cash, shares or, subject to Article 14.2, wholly or partly in specie. No unpaid dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.
- Subject to the provisions of Article 14.1, the Directors may determine that a dividend shall be paid wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets (which may consist of the shares or securities of any other company) and may settle all questions concerning such distribution, subject, however to obtaining the prior consent of any shareholder to whom it is proposed to make a distribution in specie and a valuation of the assets for distribution from an ROC certified public accountant, prior to the Directors fixing the value of the assets for distribution. The Directors may make cash payments to some Members on the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of Members. Without limiting the foregoing generality, the Directors may vest any such specific assets in trustees on such terms as the Directors think fit and may issue fractional shares.
- 14.3 Subject to the Applicable Law, no dividends or other distribution shall be paid except out of profits of the Company, realised or unrealised, out of share premium account or any reserve, fund or account as otherwise permitted by the Law. Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to any shares, all dividends and other distributions shall be paid according to the number of the shares that a Member holds. If any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividends accordingly.
- 14.4 Subject to the Law and this Article and except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to any shares, the Company may distribute profits in accordance with a proposal for profits distribution approved by the Board and sanctioned by the Members by an Ordinary Resolution, in annual general meetings.
- 14.5 Unless otherwise provided in the Law, the Applicable Public Company Rules or the Articles, upon the final settlement of the Company's annual accounts, if there is "surplus profit" (as defined below), the Company shall set aside an amount as compensation to employees and remuneration for the Directors as follows; provided however that, if the Company has accumulated losses, the Company shall reserve an amount thereof first to making up such losses:

- (a) one per cent (1%) to ten per cent (10%) as compensation to employees ("**Employees' Compensations**"), including employees of the Company's Subsidiaries; and
- (b) no more than three per cent (3%) as remuneration for the Directors (excluding the Independent Directors) ("**Directors' Remuneration**").

The distribution proposals in respect of Employees' Compensation and Directors' Remuneration shall be approved by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors and submitted to the shareholders' meeting for report. However, if the Company has accumulated losses, the Company shall reserve an amount thereof for making up the losses before proceeding with the abovementioned distributions and allocation. The "surplus profit" referred to above means the net profit before tax and for the avoidance of doubt, such amount is before any payment of compensation to employees and remuneration for the Directors.

Subject to the Applicable Law, the Employees' Compensations shall be appropriated in the form of cash or stock.

For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, if there are profits, in making the profits distribution recommendation, the Board shall set aside out of the profits of the Company for each financial year: (i) a reserve for payment of tax for the relevant financial year; (ii) an amount to offset losses incurred in previous years; (iii) ten per cent (10%) as reserve ("**Statutory Reserve**") (unless the Statutory Reserve has reached the total paid-up capital of the Company); and (iv) a special surplus reserve as required by the applicable securities authority under the Applicable Public Company Rules.

In the event that the Company sets aside a special surplus reserve as required by the applicable securities authority under the Applicable Public Company Rules, for the Company's accumulated deductions on other equity interests booked in previous years and net increase in the fair value of investment property held by the Company, the Company shall set aside a special surplus reserve in an amount equal to the net amount of such accumulated deductions and increase in fair value from undistributed profits in previous years; if the amount of the special surplus reserve required to be set aside is greater than that of the undistributed profits, the shortfall shall be covered by the net profit after tax of the current financial year plus items other than such net profit after tax classified as undistributed profits of the current financial year.

The dividend policy of the Company depends on the Company's current and future investment environment, capital needs, industry competition and capital budgeting, and takes into account the Members' interests and the Company's long-term financial The dividend distribution shall not be less than twenty-five per cent (25%) of the current distributable profits (the "Base Distributable Profits") in principle, and such dividends shall be distributed to the Members in proportion to their shareholdings. Dividends to be distributed to the Members may be made in the form of cash dividend or stock dividend or a combination thereof, provided that, the cash dividend shall not be less than ten per cent (10%) of the total amount of dividend payable. However, (i) if the Board deems that it would be more appropriate to adopt a conservative dividend policy after considering the aforementioned factors, the dividend distribution shall not be less than fifty per cent (50%) of the Base Distributable Profits, and the cash dividend shall not be less than ten per cent (10%) of the total amount of dividend payable; and (ii) if the current distributable profits are less than five per cent (5%) of the paid-in capital of the Company, the Board may resolve not to distribute any dividends and submit such proposal to the Members for their approval in the general meetings.

The term "current distributable profits" referred to in the preceding paragraph means the remaining profits of the relevant financial year after payment of tax, offsetting losses incurred in previous years, setting aside the Statutory Reserve, and setting aside the special surplus reserve in accordance with the fourth and fifth paragraphs of this Article 14.5, excluding undistributed profits in previous years.

The Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, distribute dividends, bonuses or other distribution from the Capital Reserve and Statutory Reserve payable, in part or in whole, in cash and report the same to the Members at the general meetings.

- **14.6** The Board shall fix any date as the record date for determining the Members entitled to receive any dividend or other distribution.
- 14.7 For the purpose of determining Members entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distributions, the Directors may provide that the Register of Members be closed for transfers for five (5) days before the relevant record date or such other period consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules subject to compliance with the Law.

15. Capital Reserve and Power to Set Aside Profits

- 15.1 The Board may, before declaring a dividend, set aside out of the surplus or profits of the Company, such sum as it thinks proper as a reserve to be used to meet contingencies or for meeting the deficiencies for implementing dividend distribution plans or for any other purpose to which those funds may be properly applied. Pending application, such sums may be in the absolute discretion of the Directors either be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investment as Directors may from time to time think fit, and need not be kept separate from other assets of the Company. The Directors may also, without placing the same to reserve, carry forward any profit which they decide not to distribute.
- 15.2 Subject to any direction from the Company in general meeting, the Directors may on behalf of the Company exercise all the powers and options conferred on the Company by the Law in regard to the Capital Reserve. Subject to Article 23.2 and compliance with the Law, the Directors may on behalf of the Company set off accumulated losses against credits standing in the Statutory Reserve and Capital Reserve, and make distributions out of the Capital Reserve.

16. Method of Payment

- 16.1 Any dividend, interest, or other monies payable in cash in respect of the shares may be paid by wire transfer to the Member's designated account or by cheque or draft sent through the post directed to the Member at such Member's address in the Register of Members, or to such person and to such address as the holder may in writing direct.
- 16.2 In the case of joint holders of shares, any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or draft sent through the post directed to the address of the holder first named in the Register of Members, or to such person and to such address as the holder may in writing direct. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any shares any one can give an effectual receipt for any dividend paid in respect of such shares.

17. Capitalisation

Subject to the Law and Article 12.3(a), the Board may capitalise any sum for the time being standing to the credit of the Capital Reserve or other reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution by applying such sum in paying up unissued shares to be allotted as fully paid bonus shares pro rata to the Members.

MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

18. Annual General Meetings

- **18.1** The Company shall hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting within six months following the end of each fiscal year, which shall be called by the Board.
- **18.2** The general meetings (including annual general meetings and extraordinary general meetings) shall be held at such time and place as the Chairman or any two Directors or any Director and the Secretary or the Board shall appoint.
- 18.3 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, unless otherwise provided by the Law, the physical general meetings shall be held in the ROC. If the Board resolves to hold a physical general meeting outside the ROC, the Company shall apply for the approval of the ESM (in the case that the shares are traded on the ESM) or the TSE (in the case that the shares are listed on the TSE) thereof within two days after the Board adopts such resolution. Where a general meeting is to be held outside the ROC, the Company shall engage a professional stock affairs agent in the ROC to handle the administration of such general meeting (including but not limited to the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members).
- 18.4 A general meeting may be held by way of video conference or in a manner consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules or other methods announced by the competent authority of the ROC in charge of the Company Law of the ROC in relation to the general meeting of a company incorporated thereunder (to be applied mutatis mutandis). For the avoidance of doubt, under circumstance in consequence of any natural disaster, incident, or act of God, the competent authority of the ROC in charge of the Company Law of the ROC may announce that a company incorporated thereunder may hold its general meeting by way of video conference or any other methods within a certain period of time. Where a general meeting is held by way of video conference, a Member who has participated in such general meeting by way of video conference shall be deemed to be present in person at such general meeting. The prerequisites, procedures, and other matters to be complied with in connection with holding a general meeting by way of video conference shall follow the Applicable Public Company Rules.

19. Extraordinary General Meetings

- **19.1** General meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
- **19.2** The Board may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company whenever in their judgment such a meeting is necessary or is desirable.

- 19.3 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Board shall on a Member's requisition as defined in Article 19.4 forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.
- 19.4 A Member's requisition set forth in Article 19.3 is a requisition of one or more Members of the Company holding in the aggregate at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than three per cent (3%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company which as at that date have been held by such Member(s) for at least one year.
- 19.5 The Member's requisition must state in writing the matters to be discussed at the extraordinary general meeting and the reason therefor and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Registered Office and the Company's stock affairs agent located in the ROC, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.
- 19.6 If the Board does not within fifteen (15) days from the date of the deposit of the Member's requisition dispatch the notice of an extraordinary general meeting, the requisitionists may themselves convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which general meetings may be convened by the Board.
- 19.7 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, any one or more Members holding in aggregate more than half of the total number of the issued shares of the Company as at the relevant Book Closure Period for at least three consecutive months may convene an extraordinary general meeting.

20. Notice

- 20.1 Before the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, at least five days' notice of a general meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of business to be conducted at the meeting.
- 20.2 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, at least thirty days' notice of an annual general meeting, and at least fifteen days' notice of an extraordinary general meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting. The notice may, as an alternative, be given by means of electronic transmission, after obtaining a prior written consent from the recipient(s) thereof.

- 20.3 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Board shall fix a record date for determining the Members entitled to receive notice of and to vote at any general meeting of the Company in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules and close its Register of Members accordingly in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules. The Board shall fix the period that the Register of Members shall be closed for transfers in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules (the "Book Closure Period").
- **20.4** Subject to Article 23.4, the accidental omission to give notice of a general meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice of a general meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.
- 20.5 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Company shall announce to the public the notice of a general meeting, the proxy instrument, agendas and materials relating to the matters to be reported and discussed in the general meetings, including but not limited to, election or discharge of Directors, in accordance with Article 20.2 hereof, and shall transmit the same via the Market Observation Post System in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules. If the voting power of a Member at a general meeting shall be exercised by way of a written ballot, the Company shall also send the written document for the Member to exercise his voting power together with the above mentioned materials in accordance with Article 20.2. The Directors shall prepare a meeting handbook of the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials, which will be made available to all Members and shall be transmitted to the Market Observation Post System in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- **20.6** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the following matters shall be stated in the notice of a general meeting, with a summary of the major content to be discussed, and shall not be proposed as an extemporary motion:
 - (a) election or discharge of Directors,
 - (b) alteration of the Memorandum or Articles,
 - (c) reduction of share capital,
 - (d) application for de-registration as a public company in the ROC,
 - (e) (i) dissolution, Merger, Share Swap or Spin-off, (ii) entering into, amending, or terminating any Lease Contract, Management Contract or Joint Operation Contract, (iii) transfer of the whole or any essential part of the business or assets of the Company, and (iv) acquisition or assumption of the whole of the business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the operations of the Company,

- (f) ratification of an action by Director(s) who engage(s) in business for himself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business,
- (g) distribution of the whole or part of the surplus profit of the Company in the form of new shares, capitalization of Capital Reserve and any other amount in accordance with Article 17,
- (h) making distributions of new shares or cash out of the Statutory Reserve, the premium received on the issuance of any shares and income from endowments received by the Company to its Members,
- (i) Private Placement of any equity-related securities to be issued by the Company, and
- (j) issuance of employee stock options at an issue price lower than the closing price of the shares on the issue date.

The material contents of the above matters may be uploaded onto the website designated by the FSC or the Company, and such website shall be indicated in the notice of general meeting.

- 20.7 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Board shall keep the Memorandum and Articles, minutes of general meetings, financial statements, the Register of Members, and the counterfoil of any corporate bonds issued by the Company at the Registered Office (if applicable) and the Company's stock affairs agent located in the ROC. Members may request, from time to time, by submitting document(s) evidencing his interests involved and indicating the designated scope of the inspection, access to inspect, review, transcribe or make copies of the foregoing documents, and the Company shall cause the stock affairs agent to provide such Members with access to above documents.
- 20.8 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Company shall make available all the statements and records prepared by the Board and the report prepared by the Audit Committee which will be submitted to the Members at the annual general meeting at the Registered Office (if applicable) and its stock affairs agent located in the ROC ten (10) days prior to such annual general meeting in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules. Members may inspect and review the foregoing documents from time to time and may be accompanied by their lawyers or certified public accountants for the purpose of such inspection and review.
- **20.9** The Board or any person who is entitled to convene a general meeting under the Articles may demand the Company or the Company's stock affairs agent to provide the Register of Members.

21. Giving Notice

- 21.1 Any Notice or document, whether or not to be given or issued under the Articles from the Company to a Member, shall be in writing either by delivering it to such Member in person or by sending it by letter mail or courier service to such Member at his registered address as appearing in the Register of Members or at any other address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose or, as the case may be, by transmitting it to any such address. For the purpose of this Article, a notice may be sent via electronic means if so agreed to by the Members in writing.
- 21.2 Any Notice or other document shall be deemed to be effective when it is sent in accordance with Articles 20 and 21 of the Articles.

Any Notice or document may be given to a Member either in the English language or the Chinese language, subject to due compliance with all Applicable Law, rules and regulations.

This Article shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the service of any document by a Member on the Company under the Articles.

22. Postponement of General Meeting

The Board may postpone any general meeting called in accordance with the provisions of the Articles provided that notice of postponement is given to each Member before the time for such meeting. A notice stating the date, time and place for the postponed meeting shall be given to each Member in accordance with the provisions of the Articles provided that in the event that the Members resolve to postpone the general meeting to a specified date which is not more than five days, Articles 20.1, 20.2, 20.3, 20.4, 20.5 and 21 do not apply and notice of the adjournment shall not be required.

23 Quorum and Proceedings at General Meetings

- 23.1 No resolutions shall be adopted unless a quorum is present. Unless otherwise provided for in the Articles, Members present in person or by proxy or in the case of a corporate Member, by corporate representative, representing more than one-half of the total issued shares of the Company entitled to vote, shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting.
- 23.2 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Board shall submit business reports, financial statements and proposals for distribution of profits or allocation of losses prepared by it for the purposes of annual general meetings of the Company for ratification by the Members in a manner consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules. After ratification by the Members at the general meeting, the Board shall distribute copies of or announce to the public the ratified

- financial statements and the Company's resolutions on distribution of profits or allocation of losses, to each Member or otherwise make the same available to the Members in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 23.3 Unless otherwise provided in the Articles, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a poll. No resolution put to the vote at the meeting shall be decided by a show of hands.
- 23.4 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, if and to the extent permitted under the Law, nothing in the Articles shall prevent any Member from initiating proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction for an appropriate remedy in connection with the convening of any general meeting or the passage of any resolution in violation of applicable laws or regulations or the Articles within 30 days after passing of such resolution. The Taiwan Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of the first instance for adjudicating any disputes arising out of the foregoing.
- 23.5 Unless otherwise expressly required by the Law, the Memorandum or the Articles, any matter which has been presented for resolution, approval, confirmation or adoption by the Members at any general meeting may be passed by an Ordinary Resolution.
- 23.6 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, member(s) holding one per cent (1%) or more of the Company's total issued shares immediately prior to the relevant book close period, during which the Company closed its Register of Members, may propose to the Company in writing or by electronic means designated by the Company one matter for discussion at an annual general meeting. The Company shall give a public notice in such manner and at such time as permitted by Applicable Law specifying the place and a period of not less than ten (10) days for Members to submit proposals. The Board shall include a proposal unless (a) the proposing Member(s) holds less than one per cent (1%) of the Company's total issued shares, (b) the matter of such proposal may not be resolved by a general meeting or the proposal exceeds 300 Chinese characters; (c) the proposing Member(s) has/have proposed more than one proposal; or (d) the proposal is submitted to the Company after the date fixed and announced by the Company for accepting Member(s)' proposal(s). If any of the proposals submitted by such Member(s) is to urge the Company to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities, the Board may accept such proposal to be discussed at a general meeting.
- 23.7 The rules and procedures of general meetings shall be established by the Board and approved by an Ordinary Resolution, and such rules and procedures shall be in accordance with the Law, the Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

24. Chairman to Preside

- 24.1 The Chairman shall act as chairman at all meetings of the Members at which such person is present. In his absence the Directors who are present at the meeting of Members shall elect one from among themselves to act as the chairman at such meeting in lieu of the Chairman.
- **24.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the chairman at all meetings of the Members shall be appointed in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

25. Voting on Resolutions

- 25.1 Subject to any rights, privileges or restrictions attached to any share, every Member who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (in the case of a corporation or other non-natural person) by duly authorized corporate representative(s) or by proxy shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder. A Member who holds shares for benefit of others, need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he holds in the same way as he uses his votes in respect of shares he holds for himself. The qualifications, scope, methods of exercise, operating procedures and other matters with respect to exercising voting power separately shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 25.2 No person shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of a class of shares unless he is registered as a Member on the record date for such meeting.
- 25.3 Votes may be cast either in person or by proxy. A Member may appoint another person as his proxy by specifying the scope of appointment in the proxy instrument prepared by the Company to attend and vote at a general meeting, provided that a Member may appoint only one proxy under one instrument to attend and vote at such meeting.
- 25.4 Subject to the Law, for so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Company shall provide the Members with a method for exercising their voting power by way of electronic transmission; provided, however, that the Company shall provide the Members with a method for exercising their voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission if otherwise required under the Applicable Public Company Rules. The method for exercising such voting power shall be described in the general meeting notice to be given to the Members if the voting power is exercised by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission. Any Member who intends to exercise his voting power by way of a written ballot or by way of electronic transmission shall serve the Company with his voting decision at least two (2) days prior to the date of such general meeting. Where more than one voting decision are

received from the same Member by the Company, the first voting decision shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous voting decision in the later-received voting decision. A Member who exercises his voting power at a general meeting by way of a written ballot or by electronic transmission shall be deemed to have appointed the chairman of the general meeting as his proxy to vote his shares at the general meeting only in the manner directed by his written instrument or electronic document. The chairman of the general meeting as proxy shall not have the power to exercise the voting rights of such Members with respect to any matters not referred to or indicated in the written or electronic document and/or any amendment to resolution(s) proposed at the said general meeting. For the purpose of clarification, such Members voting in such manner shall be deemed to have waived their voting rights with respect to any extemporary matters or amendment to resolution(s) proposed at the general meeting.

- 25.5 In the event any Member who intended to exercise his voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission and has served his voting decision on the Company pursuant to Article 25.4 hereof later intends to attend the general meetings in person, he shall, at least two (2) days prior to the date of such general meeting, serve the Company with a separate notice revoking his previous voting decision. Such separate notice shall be sent to the Company in the same manner (e.g., by courier, registered mail or electronic transmission, as applicable) as the previous voting decision under Article 25.4 was given to the Company. Votes by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission shall remain valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke his voting decision before the prescribed time.
- 25.6 A Member who has served the Company with his voting decision in accordance with Article 25.4 for the purpose of exercising his voting power by way of a written ballot or by way of electronic transmission may appoint a person as his proxy to attend the meeting in accordance with the Articles, in which case the vote cast by such proxy shall be deemed to have revoked his previous voting decision served on the Company and the Company shall only count the vote(s) cast by such expressly appointed proxy at the meeting.

26. Proxies

26.1 The instrument of proxy shall be in the form approved by the Board from time to time and be expressed to be for a particular meeting only. The form of proxy shall include at least the following information: (a) instructions on how to complete such proxy, (b) the matters to be voted upon pursuant to such proxy, and (c) basic identification information relating to the relevant Member, proxy and the solicitor (if any). The form of proxy shall be provided to the Members together with the relevant notice for

- the relevant general meeting, and such notice and proxy materials shall be distributed to all Members on the same day.
- **26.2** An instrument of proxy shall be in writing, be executed under the hand of the appointor in writing, or, if the appointor is a corporation or other non-natural person, under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised for that purpose. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company.
- 26.3 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, except for an ROC trust enterprise or stock affair agents approved pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules, save with respect to the Chairman being deemed appointed as proxy under Article 25.4, in the event a person acts as the proxy for two or more Members, the total number of issued and voting shares entitled to be voted as represented by such proxy shall be no more than three per cent (3%) of the total number of issued and voting shares of the Company immediately prior to the relevant book closed period, during which the Company close its Register of Member; any vote in respect of the portion in excess of such three per cent (3%) threshold shall not be counted.
- 26.4 In the event that a Member exercises his voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission and has also authorised a proxy to attend a general meeting, then the voting power exercised by the proxy at the general meeting shall prevail. In the event that any Member who has authorised a proxy to attend a general meeting later intends to attend the general meeting in person or to exercise his voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission, he shall, at least two (2) days prior to the date of such general meeting, serve the Company with a separate notice revoking his previous appointment of the proxy. Votes by way of proxy shall remain valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke his appointment of such proxy before the prescribed time.
- 26.5 The instrument of proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office or the office of the Company's stock affairs agent in the ROC or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company not less than five (5) days before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, save with respect to the Chairman being deemed appointed as proxy under Article 25.4. Where more than one instrument to vote are received from the same Member by the Company, the first instrument received shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous proxy in the later-received instrument.

27. Proxy Solicitation

For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the use and solicitation of proxies shall be in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, including but not limited to "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies."

28. Dissenting Member's Appraisal Right

- **28.1** Subject to compliance with the Law, in the event any of the following resolutions is passed at general meetings, any Member who has abstained from voting in respect of or voted against such matter and expressed his dissent therefor, in writing or verbally (with a record) before or during the meeting, may request the Company to purchase all of his shares at the then prevailing fair price:
 - (a) the Company proposes to enter into, amend, or terminate any Lease Contract, Management Contract or Joint Operation Contract;
 - (b) the Company transfers the whole or an essential part of its business or assets, provided that, the foregoing does not apply where such transfer is pursuant to the dissolution of the Company;
 - (c) acquires or assumes the whole business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the operation of the Company;
 - (d) the Company proposes to undertake a Spin-off, Merger or Share Swap; or
 - (e) the Company generally assumes all the assets and liabilities of another person or generally assigns all its assets and liabilities to another person.

Shares which have been abstained from voting in accordance with this Article 28.1 shall not be counted in determining the number of votes of the Members being cast at a general meeting but shall be counted towards the quorum of the general meeting.

28.2 Without prejudice to the Law, any Member exercising his rights in accordance with Article 28.1 (the "Dissenting Member") shall, within twenty (20) days from the date of the resolution passed at the general meeting, give his written notice of objection with the repurchase price proposed by him. If the Company and the Dissenting Member agree on a price at which the Company will purchase the Dissenting Member's shares, the Company shall make the payment within ninety (90) days from the date of the resolution passed at the general meeting. If, within ninety (90) days from the date of the resolution passed at the general meeting, the Company and the Dissenting Member fail to agree on a price at which the Company will purchase the Dissenting Member's shares, the Company shall pay the fair price it deems fit to the Dissenting Member within ninety (90) days from the date of the resolution passed at

the general meeting. If the Company fails to pay the fair price it deems fit to the Dissenting Member within the ninety-day period, the Company shall be deemed to agree on the repurchase price proposed by such Dissenting Member.

28.3 Without prejudice to the Law, if, within sixty (60) days from the date of the resolution passed at the general meeting, the Company and the Dissenting Member fail to agree on a price at which the Company will purchase such Dissenting Member's shares, then, within thirty (30) days immediately following the date of the expiry of such sixty-day period, the Company shall file a petition with the court against all the Dissenting Members for a determination of the fair price of the Shares held by all the Dissenting Members. The Taiwan Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of the first instance for this matter.

Notwithstanding the above provisions under this Article 28, nothing under this Article shall restrict or prohibit a Member from exercising his right under section 238 of the Law to payment of the fair value of his shares upon dissenting from a merger or consolidation.

29. Shares that May Not be Voted

29.1 Shares held:

- (a) by the Company itself;
- (b) by any entity in which the Company owns, legally or beneficially, more than fifty per cent (50%) of its total issued and voting share or share capital; or
- (c) by any entity in which the Company, together with (i) the holding company of the Company and/or (ii) any Subsidiary of (a) the holding company of the Company or (b) the Company owns, legally or beneficially, directly or indirectly, more than fifty per cent (50%) of its issued and voting share or share capital.

shall not carry any voting rights nor be counted in the total number of issued shares at any given time but only for so long as the circumstances as set out in sub-paragraphs (a) to (c) (as applicable) above continue.

29.2 A Member who has a personal interest in any motion discussed at a general meeting, which interest may be in conflict with and impair those of the Company, shall abstain from voting such Member's shares in regard to such motion and such shares shall not be counted in determining the number of votes of the Members present at the said meeting. However, such shares may be counted in determining the number of shares of the Members present at such general meeting for the purposes of determining the quorum. The aforementioned Member shall also not vote on behalf of any other Member.

29.3 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, if the number of shares pledged by a Director at any time amounts to more than 50% of the total shares held by such Director at the time of his latest appointment, such pledged shares exceeding 50% of the total shares held by such Director at the time of his latest appointment, up to 50% of the total number of shares held by the Director at the time of his latest appointment, shall not carry any voting rights and such above-threshold shares shall not be counted in determining the number of votes of the Members present at a general meeting.

30. Voting by Joint Holders of Shares

In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote (whether in person or by proxy) shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.

31. Representation of Corporate Member

- 31.1 A corporation or non-natural person which is a Member may, by written instrument, authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Members and any person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation or such non-natural person which such person represents as that corporation or non-natural person could exercise if it were an individual Member, and that Member shall be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting attended by its authorised representative or representatives.
- 31.2 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the chairman of the meeting may accept such assurances as he thinks fit as to the right of any person to attend and vote at general meetings on behalf of a corporation or non-natural person which is a Member.

32. Adjournment of General Meeting

The chairman of a general meeting may, with the consent of a majority in number of the Members present at any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall if so directed, adjourn the meeting. Unless the meeting is adjourned to a specific date, place and time announced at the meeting being adjourned, a notice stating the date, place and time for the resumption of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat in accordance with the provisions of the Articles.

33. Directors Attendance at General Meetings

The Directors of the Company shall be entitled to receive notice of, attend and be heard at any general meeting.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

34. Number and Term of Office of Directors

- 34.1 There shall be a Board consisting of no less than seven (7) and no more than eleven (11) persons. The term of office for each Director shall not exceed a period of three (3) years provided that in the event the expiration of the term of office of such Directors would otherwise leave the Company with no Directors, the term of office of such Directors shall be extended automatically to the date of the general meeting next following the expiration of such term, at which new Directors will be elected to assume office. Directors may be eligible for re-election. The Company may from time to time by Special Resolution increase or reduce the number of Directors, subject to the foregoing and the Applicable Law.
- 34.2 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, unless otherwise approved by the TPEx (in the case that the shares are traded on the ESM) or the TSE (in the case that the shares are listed on the TSE), the number of Directors having a spousal relationship or Family Relationship within Second Degree of Kinship with any other Directors shall be less than half of the total number of Directors.
- 34.3 In the event that the Company convenes a general meeting for the election of Directors and any of the Directors elected does not meet the requirements provided in Article 34.2 hereof, the non-qualifying Director(s) who was elected with the fewest number of votes shall be deemed not to have been elected, to the extent necessary to meet the requirements provided for in Article 34.2 hereof. Any person who has already served as a Director but is in violation of the aforementioned requirements shall be automatically discharged from his office effective from such violation without any action required on behalf of the Company.
- 34.4 For so long as the shares are listed on the TSE, unless otherwise permitted under the Applicable Public Company Rules, there shall be at least three (3) Independent Directors accounting for not less than one-fifth of the total number of Directors. To the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules, at least two of the Independent Directors shall be domiciled in the ROC and at least one of them shall have accounting or financial expertise. Before the shares are listed on the TSE, the Board may resolve that the Company shall hold an election of Independent Director(s) at the general meeting.
- 34.5 The Directors (including Independent Directors and Directors other than Independent Directors) shall be nominated by adopting the candidate nomination system specified in the Applicable Public Company Rules for so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE.

34.6 Independent Directors shall have professional knowledge and shall maintain independence within the scope of their directorial duties, and shall not have any direct or indirect interests in the Company. The professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and concurrent positions, and assessment of independence with respect to Independent Directors shall be consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

35. Election of Directors

- 35.1 The Company may at a general meeting elect any person to be a Director, which vote shall be calculated in accordance with Article 35.2 below. Members present in person or by proxy, representing more than one-half of the total issued shares shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting to elect one or more Directors.
- 35.2 The Director(s) shall be elected by Members upon a poll vote by way of cumulative voting (the manner of voting described in this Article to be referred to as "Cumulative Voting") in the following manner:
 - (a) on an election of Directors, the numbers of votes attached to each voting share held by a Member shall be cumulative and correspond to the number of Directors nominated for appointment at the general meeting;
 - (b) the Member(s) may vote all or part of their cumulated votes in respect of one or more Director candidates;
 - (c) such number of Director candidates receiving the highest number of votes in the same category (namely, independent or non-independent) of Directors to be elected shall be appointed; and
 - (d) where two or more Director candidates in the same category receive the same number of votes and as a result the total number of new Directors in such category intended to be appointed is exceeded, there shall be a draw by such Director candidates receiving the same number of votes to determine who shall be appointed; the chairman of the meeting shall draw for a Director nominated for appointment who is not present at the general meeting.
- 35.3 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, if the number of Independent Directors is less than three (3) persons due to the resignation or removal of such Independent Directors for any reason, the Company shall hold an election of Independent Directors at the next following general meeting. If all of the Independent Directors are resigned or removed, the Board shall hold, within sixty (60) days from the date of resignation or removal of last Independent Director, a general meeting to elect succeeding Independent Directors to fill the vacancies. If the Independent Directors domiciled in the ROC have resigned or have been removed or

vacated which results in less than two Independent Directors domiciled in the ROC, the Board shall, within sixty (60) days from the date of resignation or removal of the last retiring Independent Director domiciled in the ROC, hold a general meeting to elect succeeding Independent Directors to fill the vacancies.

- 35.4 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, if the number of Directors is less than seven (7) persons due to the vacancy of Director(s) for any reason, the Company shall call an election of Director(s) at the next following general meeting to fill the vacancies. When the number of vacancies in the Board of the Company equals to one third of the total number of Directors elected, the Board shall hold, within sixty (60) days from the date of the occurrence of vacancies, a general meeting to elect succeeding Directors to fill the vacancies.
- 35.5 Where a legal entity is a Member, its authorized representative may be elected as Director of the Company in accordance with the Articles. If there are more than one authorized representatives, each of them may be nominated for election at a general meeting.

36. Removal of Directors

- Director from office, whether or not appointing another in his stead. Where re-election of all Directors is effected prior to the expiration of the term of office of existing Directors, the term of office of all current Directors is deemed to have expired on the date of the re-election or any other date as otherwise resolved by the Members at the general meeting if the Members do not resolve that all current Directors will only retire at the expiration of their present term of office. Members present in person or by proxy, representing more than one-half of the total issued shares shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting to re-elect all Directors. If the term of office of all Directors expires at the same time and no general meeting was held before such expiry for re-election, their term of office shall continue and be extended to such time when new Directors are elected or re-elected in the next general meeting and they commence their office.
- 36.2 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, in case a Director has, in the course of performing his duties, committed any act resulting in material damages to the Company or is in serious violation of applicable laws, regulations and/or the Articles, but has not been removed by a Supermajority Resolution, the Member(s) holding three per cent (3%) or more of the total number of issued shares of the Company may, within thirty (30) days after such general meeting, to the extent permissible under Applicable Law, institute a lawsuit to remove such Director. The Taiwan Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of the first instance for this matter.

37. Vacation of Office of Director

- **37.1** The office of Director shall be vacated:
 - (a) if the Director is removed from office pursuant to the Articles;
 - (b) if the Director dies;
 - (c) if the Director is automatically discharged from his office in accordance with Article 34.3;
 - (d) if the Director resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company;
 - (e) if the Director is the subject of a court order for his removal in accordance with Article 36.2:
 - (f) if the Director is automatically removed in accordance with Article 37.2;
 - (g) if the Director ceases to be a Director in accordance with Article 37.3; or
 - (h) with immediate effect without any action required on behalf of the Company if
 - (i) the Director has been adjudicated bankrupt or the court has declared a liquidation process in connection with the Director, and such Director has not been reinstated to his rights and privileges;
 - (ii) an order is made by any competent court or official on the grounds that the Director has no legal capacity, or his legal capacity is restricted according to Applicable Law;
 - (iii) the Director has been adjudicated of the commencement of assistantship (as defined under the Taiwan Civil Code) or similar declaration and such assistantship/declaration having not been revoked yet;
 - (iv) the Director has committed an offence as specified in the ROC statute of prevention of organizational crimes and subsequently has been adjudicated guilty by a final judgment, and (A) has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or (B) has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not yet served the full term or (C) less than five years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, the date of expiry of probation period or the date on which the Director has been pardoned;
 - (v) the Director has committed an offence in terms of fraud, breach of trust or misappropriation and subsequently has been punished with imprisonment for a term of more than one year, and (A) has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or (B) has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not yet served the full term or (C) less than two years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, the date of expiry of probation period or the date on which the Director has been pardoned;

- (vi) the Director has been adjudicated guilty by a final judgment for committing offenses under the Taiwan Anti-Corruption Act during the time of his public service, and (A) has not commenced to serve the term of the sentence yet, or
 (B) has commenced to serve the term of sentence but not yet served the full term or (C) less than two years have elapsed from the date of completion of the full sentence, the date of expiry of probation period or the date on which the Director has been pardoned; or
- (vii) the Director has been dishonored for use of credit instruments, and the term of such sanction has not expired yet.

In the event that any of the foregoing events specified in Article 37.1(h) has occurred in relation to a candidate for election of Director, such person shall be disqualified from being elected as a Director.

- 37.2 In case a Director (other than an Independent Director) has, during the term of office as a Director (other than an Independent Director), transferred more than one half of the Company's shares being held by him at the time he was elected, he shall, *ipso facto*, be removed automatically from the office of Director with immediate effect and in such case no approval from the Members shall be required.
- 37.3 If a Director (other than an Independent Director) has, after having been elected as a Director (other than an Independent Director) but before assuming his office, transferred more than one half of the Company's shares being held by him at the time of his election as a Director (other than an Independent Director), or if the said Director, during the Book Closure Period prior to a general meeting, has transferred more than one half of the Company's shares being held by him, then the election of such Director shall immediately be invalidated without the need of any shareholders' approval.

38. Compensation of Directors

38.1 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Board shall, in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, establish a Compensation Committee comprised of at least three members, one of whom shall be an Independent Director. The professional qualifications of the members of the Compensation Committee, the responsibilities, powers and other related matters of the Compensation Committee shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules. Upon the establishment of the Compensation Committee, the Board shall, by a resolution, adopt a charter for the Compensation Committee the provisions of which shall be consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules. Before the shares are traded on the ESM, the Board may resolve to establish a Compensation Committee.

- **38.2** The compensation referred in the preceding Article shall include the compensation, stock option and other incentive payments of Directors and managers of the Company.
- 38.3 The compensation of the Directors may be decided by the Board by reference to recommendation made by the Compensation Committee (if established), the standard generally adopted by other enterprises in the same industry, and shall be paid in cash only. The Directors may also be paid all travel, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from the meetings of the Board, any committee appointed by the Board, general meetings of the Company, or in connection with the business of the Company or their duties as Directors generally. A Director is also entitled to distribution of profits of the Company if permitted by the Law, the Applicable Public Company Rules, the service agreement or other similar contract that he/she has entered into with the Company.

39. Defect in Election of Director

All acts done in good faith by the Board or by a committee of the Board or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the election of any Director, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly elected and was qualified to be a Director.

40. Directors to Manage Business

The business of the Company shall be managed and conducted by the Board. In managing the business of the Company, the Board may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, by the Law or by the Articles, required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting subject, nevertheless, to the Articles, the provisions of the Law, and to such directions as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting.

41. Powers of the Board of Directors

Without limiting the generality of Article 40, the Board may subject to Article 12.3:

- (a) appoint, suspend, or remove any manager, secretary, clerk, agent or employee of the Company and may fix their compensation and determine their duties;
- (b) exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge or otherwise grant a security interest in its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and may issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or any third party;
- (c) appoint one or more Directors to the office of managing director or chief executive officer of the Company, who shall, subject to the control of the Board, supervise and administer all of the general business and affairs of the Company;

- (d) appoint a person to act as manager of the Company's day-to-day business and may entrust to and confer upon such manager such powers and duties as it deems appropriate for the transaction or conduct of such business;
- (e) by power of attorney, appoint any company, firm, person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be an attorney of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions so vested in the attorney. Such attorney may, if so authorised, execute any deed or instrument in any manner permitted by the Law;
- (f) procure that the Company pays all expenses incurred in promoting and incorporating the Company;
- (g) delegate any of its powers (including the power to sub-delegate) to a committee of one or more persons appointed by the Board and every such committee shall conform to such directions as the Board shall impose on them. Subject to any directions or regulations made by the Directors for this purpose, the meetings and proceedings of any such committee shall be governed by the provisions of the Articles regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board;
- (h) delegate any of its powers (including the power to sub-delegate) to any person on such terms and in such manner as the Board sees fit;
- (i) present any petition and make any application in connection with the liquidation or reorganisation of the Company;
- (j) in connection with the issue of any share, pay such commission and brokerage as may be permitted by law; and
- (k) authorise any company, firm, person or body of persons to act on behalf of the Company for any specific purpose and in connection therewith to execute any agreement, document or instrument on behalf of the Company.

42. Register of Directors and Officers

- **42.1** The Board shall cause to be kept in one or more books at the Registered Office a Register of Directors and Officers in accordance with the Law and shall enter therein the following particulars with respect to each Director and Officer:
 - (a) first name and surname; and

- (b) address.
- 42.2 The Board shall, within the period of sixty days from the occurrence of:-
 - (a) any change among its Directors and Officers; or
 - (b) any change in the particulars contained in the Register of Directors and Officers, cause to be entered on the Register of Directors and Officers the particulars of such change and the date on which such change occurred, and shall notify the Registrar of Companies in accordance with the Law.

43. Officers

The Officers shall consist of a Secretary and such additional Officers as the Board may determine all of whom shall be deemed to be Officers for the purposes of the Articles.

44. Appointment of Officers

The Secretary (and additional Officers, if any) shall be appointed by the Board from time to time.

45. Duties of Officers

The Officers shall have such powers and perform such duties in the management, business and affairs of the Company as may be delegated to them by the Board from time to time.

46. Compensation of Officers

The Officers shall receive such compensation as the Board may determine.

47. Conflicts of Interest

- 47.1 Any Director, or any Director's firm, partner or any company with whom any Director is associated, may act in any capacity for, be employed by or render services to the Company and such Director or such Director's firm, partner or company shall be entitled to compensation as if such Director were not a Director; provided that this Article 47.1 shall not apply to Independent Directors.
- 47.2 A Director who is directly or indirectly interested in any matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors or a contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature and the essential contents of such interest at the relevant meeting of the Directors as required by the Applicable Law. If the Company proposes to enter into any transaction specified in Article 28.1 or effect other forms of mergers and acquisitions in accordance with Applicable Law, a Director who has a personal interest in such transaction shall declare the essential contents of such personal interest and the reason why he believes that the transaction is advisable or not advisable at the relevant meeting of the Directors and the general meeting as required

by the Applicable Law. The Company shall, in the notice of a general meeting, disclose the essential contents of such Director's personal interest and the reason why such Director believes that the transaction is advisable or not advisable. The essential contents can be announced on the website designated by Taiwan securities authority or by the Company, and the Company shall specify the link to the website in the notice of the relevant general meeting. Where the spouse, the person related to a Director by blood and within the second degree, or any company which has a controlling or controlled relation with a Director, has a personal interest in the matters under discussion at a meeting of the Directors in the preceding paragraph, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in the matter. For the purpose of this Article 47.2, the terms "controlling" and "controlled" shall be interpreted in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

- 47.3 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 47, a Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors, which may conflict with and impair the interest of the Company, shall not vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director; the voting right of such Director who cannot vote or exercise any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present at the board meeting.
- 47.4 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 47, a Director who is engaged in anything on his own account or on behalf of another person, which is within the scope of the Company's business, shall explain to the Members in a general meeting the essential contents of such conduct and seek their approval by Supermajority Resolution.

48. Indemnification and Exculpation of Directors and Officers

48.1 The Directors and Officers of the Company and any trustee for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and every former director, officer or trustee and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, and personal representatives (each of which persons being referred to in this Article as an "indemnified party") shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, or in their respective offices or trusts, and no indemnified party shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of the others of them or for joining in any receipts for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects belonging to the Company shall or may be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys

of or belonging to the Company shall be placed out on or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto, PROVIDED THAT this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud, dishonesty or breach of duties provided under Article 48.4 which may attach to any of the said persons.

- 48.2 The Company may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any Director or Officer of the Company against any liability incurred by him in his capacity as a Director or Officer of the Company or indemnifying such Director or Officer in respect of any loss arising or liability attaching to him by virtue of any rule of law in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which the Director or Officer may be guilty in relation to the Company or any Subsidiary thereof.
- **48.3** To the extent permitted under the laws of the Cayman Islands, Members continuously holding one per cent (1%) or more of the total issued shares of the Company for six months or longer may:
 - (a) request in writing the Board to authorise any Independent Director of the Audit Committee to file a petition with the Taipei District Court, ROC for and on behalf of the Company against any of the Directors; or
 - (b) request in writing any Independent Director of the Audit Committee to file a petition with the Taipei District Court, ROC for and on behalf of the Company against any of the Directors; or

the Member(s) may, to the extent permitted under the laws of the Cayman Islands, file a petition with the Taipei District Court, ROC for and on behalf of the Company against the relevant Directors within thirty (30) days after such Member(s) having made the request under the preceding clause (a) or (b) if (i) in the case of clause (a), the Board fails to make such authorisation or the Independent Director of the Audit Committee having been authorised by the Board fails to file such petition, or (ii) in the case of clause (b), the Independent Director of the Audit Committee fails to file such petition.

48.4 Without prejudice and subject to the general directors' duties that a Director owe to the Company and its shareholders under common law principals and the laws of the Cayman Islands, a Director shall perform his fiduciary duties of loyalty and due care of a good administrator in the course of conducting the Company's business, and shall indemnify the Company, to the maximum extent legally permissible, from any loss incurred or suffered by the Company arising from breach of his fiduciary duties. If a Director has made any profit for the benefit of himself or any third party as a result of

any breach of his fiduciary duties, the Company shall, if so resolved by the Members by way of an Ordinary Resolution, take all such actions and steps as may be appropriate and to the maximum extent legally permissible to seek to recover such profit from such relevant Director. If a Director has, in the course of conducting the Company's business, violated any laws or regulations that causes the Company to become liable for any compensation or damages to any person, such Director shall become jointly and severally liable for such compensation or damages with the Company and if any reason such Director is not made jointly and severally liable with the Company, such Director shall indemnify the Company for any loss incurred or suffered by the Company caused by a breach of duties by such Director. The Officers, in the course of performing their duties to the Company, shall assume such duties and obligations to indemnify the Company in the same manner as if they are Directors.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

49. Board Meetings

- **49.1** Board meetings shall be convened by the Chairman, and the Board may meet for the transaction of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it sees fit.
- **49.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Company shall hold regular meetings of the Board at least on a quarterly basis and such meetings shall be held in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- **49.3** A resolution put to the vote at a meeting of the Board shall be carried by the affirmative votes of a majority of the votes cast and in the case of an equality of votes the resolution shall fail. For these purposes, where Directors present and entitled to vote at the meeting do not cast a vote at the meeting, such Directors will be deemed to vote against the resolution.
- **49.4** A Director may be represented at any meetings of the Board by a proxy appointed in writing by him. The proxy shall count towards the quorum and the vote of the proxy shall for all purposes be deemed to be that of the appointing Director.
- **49.5** The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in such form as the Board may approve and may at any time be revoked in like manner, and notice of every such appointment or revocation in like manner.
- **49.6** A proxy must be a Director and can only act on behalf of one appointing Director at a meeting of the Board.

50. Notice of Board Meetings

50.1 The Chairman may, and the Secretary on the requisition of the Chairman shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Board.

50.2 Before the shares are traded on the ESM, at least 48 hours prior notice shall be given for any meeting of the Board provided that in the case of urgent circumstances as agreed by a majority of the Directors, a meeting of the Board may be convened on short notice, or be held anytime after notice has been given to every Director or be convened without prior notice if all Directors agree. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, to convene a meeting of the Board, a notice setting forth therein the matters to be considered and if appropriate, approved at the meeting shall be given to each Director no later than seven (7) days prior to the scheduled meeting date. However, in the case of emergency as agreed by a majority of the Directors, the meeting may be convened with a shorter notice period in a manner consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules. For the purpose of this Article, a notice may be sent via electronic means if so agreed to by the Directors.

51. Participation in Meetings by Video Conference

Directors may participate in any meeting of the Board by means of video conference or other communication facilities, as permitted by the Applicable Law, where all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

52. Quorum at Board Meetings

The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be more than one-half of the total number of the Directors.

53. Board to Continue in the Event of Vacancy

The Board may act notwithstanding any vacancy in its number.

54. Chairman to Preside

The Chairman, if there be one, shall act as chairman at all meetings of the Board at which such person is present. In his absence a chairman shall be appointed or elected in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

55. Validity of Prior Acts of the Board

No regulation or alteration to the Articles made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation or alteration had not been made.

CORPORATE RECORDS

56. Minutes

The Board shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose:

- (a) of all elections and appointments of Officers;
- (b) of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board and of any committee appointed by the Board; and
- (c) of all resolutions and proceedings of general meetings of the Members, meetings of the Board, meetings of managers and meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

57. Register of Mortgages and Charges

- **57.1** The Directors shall cause to be kept the Register of Mortgages and Charges required by the Law.
- 57.2 The Register of Mortgages and Charges shall be open to inspection by Members and creditors in accordance with the Law, at the Registered Office on every business day in the Cayman Islands, subject to such reasonable restrictions as the Board may impose, so that not less than two (2) hours in each such business day be allowed for inspection.

58. Form and Use of Seal

- 58.1 The Seal shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors in that behalf; and, until otherwise determined by the Directors, the Seal shall be affixed in the presence of a Director or the Secretary or an assistant secretary or some other person authorised for this purpose by the Directors or the committee of Directors.
- 58.2 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Seal may without further authority be affixed by way of authentication to any document required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands, and may be so affixed by any Director, Secretary or assistant secretary of the Company or any other person or institution having authority to file the document as aforesaid.
- **58.3** The Company may have one or more duplicate Seals, as permitted by the Law; and, if the Directors think fit, a duplicate Seal may bear on its face of the name of the country, territory, district or place where it is to be issued.

TENDER OFFER AND ACCOUNTS

59. Tender Offer

For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, any public announcement in connection with any tender offer of the Company's shares shall be in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, including but not limited to "Regulations Governing Public Tender Offers for Securities of Public Companies."

60. Books of Account

- **60.1** The Board shall cause to be kept proper records of account with respect to all transactions of the Company and in particular with respect to:
 - (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure relates;
 - (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company; and
 - (c) all assets and liabilities of the Company.

Such books of account shall be kept for at least five (5) years from the date they are prepared.

- 60.2 Such records of account shall be kept and proper books of account shall not be deemed to be kept with respect to the matters aforesaid if there are not kept, at such place as the Board thinks fit, such books as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.
- 60.3 The instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and information in electronic media prepared in accordance with the Articles and relevant rules and regulations shall be kept for at least one (1) year. However, if a Member institutes a lawsuit with respect to such instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and/or information mentioned herein, they shall be kept until the conclusion of the litigation if longer than one (1) year.

61. Financial Year End

Unless the Directors otherwise specify, the financial year of the Company:

- (a) shall end on 31st December in the year of its incorporation and each following year; and
- (b) shall begin when it was incorporated and on 1st January each following year.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

62. Number of Committee Members

For so long as the shares are listed on the TSE, the Board shall set up an Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall comprise solely of Independent Directors and the number of committee members shall not be less than three (3). One of the Audit Committee members shall be appointed as the convener to convene meetings of the Audit Committee from time to time and at least one of the Audit Committee members shall have accounting or financial expertise. A valid resolution of the Audit Committee requires approval of one-half or more of all its members. Before the shares are listed on the TSE, the Board may resolve to set up the Audit Committee.

63. Powers of Audit Committee

- **63.1** The Audit Committee (if established) shall have the responsibilities and powers as specified under the Applicable Public Company Rules. Any of the following matters of the Company shall require the consent of one-half or more of all Audit Committee members and be submitted to the Board for resolution:
 - (a) adoption of or amendment to an internal control system;
 - (b) assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system;
 - (c) adoption of or amendment to the handling procedures for financial or operational actions of material significance, such as acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, extension of monetary loans to others, or endorsements or guarantees for others;
 - (d) any matter relating to the personal interest of the Directors;
 - (e) a material asset or derivatives transaction:
 - (f) a material monetary loan, endorsement, or provision of guarantee;
 - (g) the offering, issuance, or Private Placement of any equity-related securities;
 - (h) the hiring or dismissal of an attesting certified public accountant, or the compensation given thereto;
 - (i) the appointment or discharge of a financial, accounting, or internal auditing officer;
 - (j) approval of annual and semi-annual financial reports (if applicable under the Applicable Public Company Rules); and
 - (k) any other matter so determined by the Company from time to time or required by any competent authority overseeing the Company.

- With the exception of item (j), any other matter that has not been approved with the consent of one-half or more of all Audit Committee members may be undertaken upon the consent of two-thirds or more of the members of the Board, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the Directors meeting.
- 63.2 Subject to the Applicable Law and to the extent permitted under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Independent Directors of the Audit Committee shall supervise the execution of business operations of the Company, and may at any time or from time to time investigate the business and financial conditions of the Company, examine the accounting books and documents, and request the Board or officers to report on matters referred to above. Subject to the Applicable Law and to the extent permitted under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Board may authorise any Independent Director of the Audit Committee to appoint on behalf of the Company, a practicing lawyer and independent auditors to conduct the examination.
- 63.3 The Audit Committee shall audit the various financial statements and records prepared by the Board for submission to the general meeting, and shall report their findings and opinions at such meeting.
- 63.4 Subject to compliance with the Law, before the meeting of Directors resolves any matter specified in Article 28.1 or other mergers and acquisitions in accordance with the Applicable Law, the Audit Committee shall review the fairness and reasonableness of the relevant merger and acquisition plan and transaction, and report its review results to the meeting of Directors and the general meeting; provided, however, that such review results need not be submitted to the general meeting if the approval of the Members is not required under the Applicable Law. When the Audit Committee conducts the review, it shall engage an independent expert to issue an opinion on the fairness of the share exchange ratio, cash consideration or other assets to be offered to the Members. The review results of the Audit Committee and the fairness opinion issued by the independent expert shall be distributed to the Members, along with the notice of the general meeting; provided, however, that the Company can only report matters relating to such merger and acquisition at the next following general meeting if the approval of the Members is not required under the Applicable Law. Such review results and fairness opinion shall be deemed to have been distributed to the Members if the same have been uploaded onto the website designated by the FSC and made available to the Members for their inspection and review at the venue of the general meeting._

VOLUNTARY WINDING-UP AND DISSOLUTION

64. Winding-Up

- **64.1** The Company may be voluntarily wound-up in accordance with Article 12.4.
- Resolution, divide amongst the Members in specie or in kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, for such purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in the trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities or assets whereon there is any liability.

CHANGES TO CONSTITUTION

65. Changes to Articles

Subject to the Law and to the conditions contained in its Memorandum, the Company may, by Special Resolution, alter or add to its Articles.

REDUCTION OF SHARE CAPITAL

66. Reduction of Share Capital

The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital and any capital redemption reserve in any manner authorised by the Law and the Applicable Public Company Rules. Any such reduction of share capital shall be effected based on the percentage of shareholding of the Members pro rata, unless otherwise provided for in the Law or the Applicable Public Company Rules.

67. Discontinuance

The Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to transfer by way of continuation the Company to a named country or jurisdiction outside the Cayman Islands pursuant to the Law.

APPOINTMENT OF LITIGIOUS AND NON-LITIGIOUS AGENT

68. Appointment of Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent

For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the Company shall appoint a Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent pursuant to the Applicable Law to act as the Company's responsible person in the ROC under the Securities and Exchange Law of the

ROC to handle matters stipulated in the Securities and Exchange Law of the ROC and the relevant rules and regulations thereto. The Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent shall be an individual who has a residence or domicile in the ROC.

OTHERS

69. Shareholder Protection Mechanism

If the Company proposes to undertake:

- (a) a merger or consolidation which will result in the Company being dissolved;
- (b) a sale, transfer or assignment of all of the Company's assets and businesses to another entity;
- (c) a Share Swap; or
- (d) a Spin off,

which would result in the termination of the Company's listing on the TSE, and where (in the case of (a) above) the surviving entity, (in the case of (b) above) the transferee, (in the case of (c) above) the entity whose shares has been allotted in exchange for the Company's shares and, (in the case of (d) above) the existing or newly incorporated spun-off company's shares are not listed on the TPEx or the TSE, then in addition to any requirements to be satisfied under the Law, such action shall be first approved at a general meeting by a resolution passed by members holding two-thirds or more of the votes of the total number of issued shares of the Company.

70. ROC Securities Laws and Regulations

For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TSE, the qualifications, composition, appointment, removal, exercise of functions and other matters with respect to the Directors, Independent Directors, Compensation Committee and Audit Committee which are required to be followed by the Company shall comply with the applicable ROC securities laws and regulations.

71. Corporate Social Responsibilities

In the course of conducting its business, the Company shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules and business ethics and may take corporate actions to promote public interests in order to fulfill its social responsibilities.

Appendix III Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting (before Amendment).

Article 1.

The rules are formulated in accordance with Article 5 of the governance practice rules of listed and over-the-counter companies for compliance, to establish sound shareholders' meeting governance system, perfect supervision function and enhance management mechanism.

Article 2.

The rules of procedure for shareholders' meeting of the Company shall follow these rules, unless otherwise stipulated by law or Articles of Association.

Article 3.

The shareholders' meeting of the Company shall be convened by the Board of Directors, unless otherwise stipulated by law.

Changes in the manner in which the Shareholders' Meeting of the Company is to be convened shall be decided by the Board of Directors at the latest before the notice of convening of the Shareholders' Meeting is sent.

The Company shall prepare the shareholders' meeting notice, power of authorization paper, causes and description data of recognition case, discussion case, appointment or relief of directors in electronic files and send to open information observation station 30 days before the regular shareholders' meeting or 15 days before interim shareholders' meeting. 21 days prior to the convening of the Annual Shareholders' Meeting or 15 days prior to the convening of the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting, prepare electronic files of the procedure manual of the Shareholders' Meeting and the supplementary materials for the meeting and send these files to the Market Observation Post System. However, if the paid-in capital of the Company at the end of the most recent fiscal year exceeds NT\$ 2 billion or the total shareholding ratio of the foreign capital and Taiwan capital recorded in the register of shareholders of the Annual Shareholders' Meeting convened in the most recent fiscal year exceeds 30%, the aforementioned electronic files shall be sent 30 days prior to the convening of the Annual Shareholders' Meeting. 15 days prior to the convening of the Shareholders' Meeting, prepare and submit to the Shareholders for review at any time, the manual for Shareholders' Meeting proceedings and the supplementary materials for the meeting, and present them to the Company and to the professional stock agency appointed by the Company.

The agenda and supplementary materials mentioned in the preceding paragraph will be provided to shareholders by the Company on the day of the shareholders' meeting in the following manner:

- I. When conducting a physical shareholders' meeting, the documents should be distributed on-site during the meeting.
- II. When a video-assisted Shareholders' Meeting is held, they shall be distributed on-site at the Shareholders' Meeting and sent to the video conferencing platform by electronic file.
- III. When a Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, they shall be sent to the video conferencing platform by an electronic file.

Notice and announcement shall clearly record the cause of convention; and the notice that has to be permitted by the relative party shall be in electronic form.

Matters pertaining to election or discharge of Directors, alteration of the Articles of Incorporation, reduction of capital, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competing with the company by Directors, surplus profit distributed in the form of new shares, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, dissolution, merger, spin-off, or any matters as set forth in Paragraph I, Article 185 of the Company Act shall be itemized in the causes or subjects to

be described and the essential contents shall be explained in the notice to convene a meeting of shareholders, and shall not be brought up as extemporary motions.

The cause for convening the shareholders 'meeting has been stated for the full re-election of Directors and the date on which they assumed office has been set forth. After the re-election is completed in the Shareholders' Meeting, the same meeting may not be held as extraordinary motion or in other form to change its appointment date.

A shareholder holding 1 percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to the Company a written proposal for discussion at a regular Shareholders' Meeting. Such proposals, however, are limited to one item only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. However, a shareholders' proposal for urging the Company to promote the public interest or fulfill its social responsibility may still be included in the list of proposals to be discussed at a regular Shareholders' Meeting by the Board of Directors. Besides, if the proposal raised by shareholders fall into the provisions of subparagraph 4 of paragraph 1 of Article 172 of the Company Act, the Board of Directors will not list it as motion.

The company should announce the deadline for stock transfer applications, the methods of submitting written applications, the locations for submission, and the duration of the acceptance period prior to the convening of the shareholders' meeting. The acceptance period should be at least ten days.

The proposal raised by shareholders shall be within 300 words; or otherwise, it will not be listed as motion. The shareholders raising the proposal shall attend the regular shareholders' meeting in person or entrust others to do so on his behalf, and participate in the discussions.

The Company shall notify the proposal raising shareholder of the handling result before the date of shareholders' meeting convention notice, and list the motion conforming to the provisions of this Article in the convention notice. For proposal raised by shareholders not included in the motion, the Board of Directors shall explain the reasons for the same at the shareholders' meeting.

Article 4.

Shareholders shall present letter of authorization issued by the Company before every shareholders' meeting, recording the scope of authorization, entrusted agent, attend the shareholders meeting.

One shareholder can only issue one letter of authorization and entrust one person. The letter of authorization shall be delivered to the Company five days before convention of the shareholders' meeting; if there is repetition, whichever arrives earliest shall prevail. However, announcement of revoking previous authorization is not subject to this provision.

If the shareholder is planning to attend the shareholders' meeting himself or execute his voting power in written or electronic form after delivery of the letter of authorization to the Company, he shall revoke the notice of letter of authorization to the Company in writing. In case of cancellation after the expiration of the time limit, the voting right of the entrusted agent shall prevail.

After the service of the power of attorney of a proxy to the Company, in case the Shareholder issuing the said proxy intends to attend the Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication, a proxy rescission notice shall be filed with the Company two days prior to the date of the Shareholders' Meeting as scheduled in the notice of convening the Shareholders' Meeting so as to rescind the proxy at issue, otherwise, the voting power exercised by the authorized proxy at the meeting shall prevail.

Article 5.

The place for convening the shareholders' meeting shall be the domicile of the Company or other place that is convenient for shareholders to attend or suitable for the meeting. The starting time for the meeting shall not be earlier than 9 am or later than 3 pm. The convention time and place shall fully consider the opinions of independent directors.

When the Company convenes a Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication, it shall not be subject to the aforementioned restriction on the venue of convening.

Article 6.

The company should include the reporting time, reporting location, and other important matters for shareholders, applicants, and authorized agents (hereinafter referred to as shareholders) in the meeting notice.

The aforementioned Shareholder shall register at least 30 minutes prior to the commencement of the meeting; the registration place shall be clearly marked and appropriate and competent personnel shall be dispatched to handle the registration; for the Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication, registration shall be accepted on the video conferencing platform of the Shareholders' Meeting 30 minutes prior to the commencement of the meeting. Shareholders who have completed the registration shall be deemed to have attended the Shareholders' Meeting in person.

Shareholders shall attend the Shareholders' Meeting by presenting their attendance cards, attendance sign-in cards or other attendance certificates, and the Company shall not arbitrarily add any requirements for presenting other supporting documents to the certification documents of shareholders in attendance; solicitors who solicit the power of attorney shall carry their identification documents for verification purposes.

The Company shall prepare the signature book for sign-in by attending shareholders, or sign-in card has to be submitted for replacement.

The Company shall deliver the meeting handbook, annual report, attendance certificate, speech note, vote and other meeting materials to shareholders attending the meeting; if in selection of directors, ballots shall be attached.

When the government or legal person acts as shareholder, the representative to attend the shareholders' meeting is not limited to one. When legal person is entrusted to attend the shareholders' meeting, it can only assign one representative to attend.

If the Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, Shareholders who wish to attend the meeting by means of visual communication shall register with the Company two days prior to the convening of the Shareholders' Meeting.

If the Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, the Company shall, at least 30 minutes prior to the commencement of the meeting, upload the manual for Shareholders' Meeting proceedings, annual report and other relevant information to the video conferencing platform of the Shareholders' Meeting and continue to disclose the same until the end of the meeting.

Article 6-1.

The company conducted a shareholder meeting through a video conference, as mentioned in the shareholder meeting notice. The meeting agenda included the following items:

- I. Methods for Shareholders to Participate in Video Conferences and Exercise Their Rights.
- II. The processing methods for dealing with obstacles that may arise in video conference platforms or during participation in video conferencing due to natural disasters, incidents, or other force majeure events should include the following at a minimum:
 - (I) The issue of the pre-opening barrier remained unresolved, leading to the necessity of either postponing or proceeding with the meeting, as well as determining the date for the postponed or continued gathering.
 - (II) Shareholders who have not registered to participate in the original Shareholders' meeting held by means of visual communication shall not participate in the postponement or reconvening of the meeting.
 - (III) If a video-assisted Shareholders' Meeting is convened but the meeting held by means of visual communication cannot be continued, and the total number of shares of Shareholders present at the Shareholders' Meeting, after deducting the number of shares of Shareholders present at the Shareholders' Meeting held by means of visual

communication, reaches the statutory quota for the meeting, the Shareholders' Meeting shall continue to proceed, and the number of shares of the Shareholders who participate in the meeting held by means of visual communication shall be counted towards the total number of shares of the Shareholders in attendance. All resolutions of the said Shareholders' Meeting shall be deemed to be abstained.

- (IV) The handling method of the circumstances in which all the proposals have been announced and no extemporary motion has been made.
- III. If a Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, the appropriate alternative measures provided for Shareholders who have difficulty in participating in Shareholders' Meeting held by means of visual communication shall be specified.

Article 7.

If the shareholder's meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, then the chairperson shall be acted upon by the chairman. If the chairman asks for leave or cannot execute his duty, vice chairman comes for replacement. If there is no vice chairman or the vice chairman asks for leave or cannot execute his duty, the chairman can designate one executive director as replacement; if there is no executive director, the chairman can designate one director as replacement; if the chairman does not designate, the executive director or director will recommend one as replacement.

If the above mentioned chairperson is to be acted upon by executive director or director as replacement, it shall be an executive director or director working at the position for more than six months, and who has obtained full understanding of the financial status of the Company. It is the same case when the chairperson is representative of legal person director.

The shareholders' meeting convened by Board of Directors is better to be chaired by the chairman himself and attended by more than half of all directors and one representative from various functional committees, and the attendance has to be recorded in the minute book.

If a shareholders' meeting is convened by a convener other than the Board of Directors, the convener shall be the chairperson of the shareholders' meeting. If the convener is more than two, one of them shall be recommended as the chairman.

The Company shall designate the entrusted lawyer, CPA or relevant personnel to attend the shareholders' meeting as a nonvoting delegate.

Article 8.

The Company shall conduct continuous taping or video recording of the shareholders report process, meeting process, voting and counting process.

The above audio-visual data has to be kept for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

If the Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, the Company shall record and keep the information on registration, registration, questioning, voting and voting results of the Shareholders, and make continuous and uninterrupted audio and video recordings of the entire video conference.

The aforementioned information and audio and video recordings shall be duly kept by the Company for the duration of the existence of the Company and shall be made available to the persons entrusted with the conduct of the video conference for custody.

If the Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, the Company shall make audio and video recordings of the backend operating interface of the video conference platform.

Article 9.

The attendance at shareholders' meeting shall take shares as the calculation basis. The number of shares present shall be calculated by addition of the number of shares registered in the attendance list for sign-in or submitted sign-in card and video conferencing platform, and the number of shares exercising voting rights in writing or by electronic means.

When the time of a meeting has arrived, the Chairman shall announce the commencement of the meeting and at the same time the number of non-voting rights and the number of shares present at the meeting and other relevant information. However, if no shareholders representing more than half of the total number of issued shares are present, the Chairman may announce a postponement of the meeting, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If there are still not enough Shareholders representing more than one-third of the total number of issued shares present after two rounds of postponement, the Chairman shall announce adjournment of the meeting; if the Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, the Company shall also announce the adjournment of the meeting on the video conferencing platform of the Shareholders' Meeting.

If the quorum is still not present after two rounds of the postponement as stipulated in the foregoing but Shareholders representing more than one-third of the total number of issued shares are present, a tentative resolution may be made in accordance with the provisions of Article 175, Item 1 of the Company Act, and each shareholder shall be notified of the said tentative resolution to resume a Shareholders' Meeting within one month. If the Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, the Shareholders who wish to attend by means of visual communication shall re-register with the Company in accordance with Article 6.

Before closing the meeting, if the meeting is attended by shareholders holding more than half of all issued shares, the chairperson will take it as false resolution and re-apply to the shareholders' meeting for resolution according to provisions of Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 10.

If the Shareholders' Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the agenda shall be set by the Board of Directors. All the relevant proposals (including Extempore Motions and amendments to the original proposal) shall be voted on a case-by-case basis. The meeting shall be conducted in accordance with the scheduled agenda, and shall not be changed without a resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting.

If the shareholders' meeting is convened by person other than the Board of Directors who has the right to convene, then the above provisions shall prevail.

The chair is not allowed to adjourn any agenda items scheduled before the conclusion of the meeting, including ad hoc motions, without a resolution. If the chair violates the rules of procedure and adjourns the meeting, other board members should promptly assist the shareholders in following the legal procedures to elect a new chair with the consent of more than half of the voting rights of the shareholders, and continue the meeting.

The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed, call for a vote and arrange adequate voting time.

Article 11.

Before speaking at the shareholders' meeting, it is necessary to complete a speech slip that includes the purpose of the speech, the shareholder's account number (or attendance certificate number), and the account holder's name. The speaking order will be determined by the chairman.

Shareholders who only submit speech note without making the speech will be deemed as no speech. If the speech content and record in speech note are not consistent, the former shall prevail.

For the same motion, with the permission from the chairperson, every shareholder can only deliver a speech for two times at most for not more than five minutes per speech. Only when the shareholders' speech go against provisions or out of the agenda scope, will the chairperson stop the speech.

When the attending shareholder is making a speech, other shareholders shall not voice to interfere unless permission from the chairperson and shareholder making the speech is obtained; the chairperson shall stop violators.

If legal person shareholder designates more than two representatives to attend the shareholders' meeting, for the same motion only one person shall be recommended to speak.

After the attending shareholders' speech, the chairperson shall reply in person or designate relevant personnel for the same.

If the Shareholders' Meeting is by means of visual communication, the Shareholders participating by means of visual communication may, after the Chairman announces the commencement of the meeting and before the adjournment of the meeting, ask questions by text on the video conferencing platform of the Shareholders' Meeting. The number of questions for each proposal shall not exceed two times, each time being limited to 200 words, and the provisions of Items 1 to 5 shall not apply. If the foregoing question does not violate the regulations or does not fall outside the scope of the proposal, it is advisable to disclose the question on the video conferencing platform of the Shareholders' Meeting for information.

Article 12.

The decision by vote at the shareholders' meeting shall take the shares as the calculation basis.

For the resolutions at the shareholders' meeting, the number of shares of shareholders with no voting power shall not be included into the total number of issued shares.

If shareholders have bearing on the meeting matters, or their stake can lead to damage of the Company's interest, they shall not join the voting or act on behalf of other shareholders in executing the voting power.

The number of shares with no voting power shall not be included into the number of voting power of attending shareholders.

If one person is entrusted by more than two shareholders at the same time, the voting power shall not exceed 3% of the total voting power of issued shares except for agencies approved by authorities in trust business or securities; otherwise the voting power over the limit will not be calculated.

Article 13.

Shareholders have one voting power for every share; however, those limited or without voting power according to paragraph 2 of Article 179 of the Company Act are not subject to the provision. When the Company holds a Shareholders' Meeting, it may allow the shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, But amendment to extempore motion and original motion by the shareholders' meeting shall be deemed as waiver. Therefore, the Company will avoid raising amendment.

The intention expression of those executing voting power in written or electronic form shall be delivered to the Company two days before convention of shareholders' meeting. When there is repetition, whichever arrives earliest shall prevail. However, announcement of revoking the previous intention expression is not subject to this provision.

After a Shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the Shareholder intends to attend the Shareholders' Meeting in person or by means of visual communication, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to the Company, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, two days before the date of the Shareholders' Meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. If shareholders execute the voting power in written or electronic form or entrust agent to attend the shareholders' meeting, the voting power executed by the entrusted agent shall prevail.

The decision by vote upon motion shall only be approved by the consent of more than half of the voting power of the shareholders present., unless otherwise stipulated by Company Act or the Articles of Association of the Company. In deciding by vote, the chairperson or the personnel designated by the chairperson shall announce the total number of voting power of the attending shareholders for one case after another, and then shareholders shall vote for decision. And on the same day of convening the meeting, the results of shareholders' permission, objection or waiver shall be entered into the open information observation station.

If there is amendment proposal or substitution proposal for the same motion, the chairperson shall determine the order of decision by vote. If one bill is passed, the others will be deemed as vetoed without the need for decision by vote.

The supervising and counting personnel for decision by vote shall be designated by the chairperson, but the supervising personnel cannot be shareholders.

The counting for decision by vote or selection of motion at shareholders' meeting shall be carried out in open place within the venue. After completion of counting, the voting result shall be announced on the spot, including the statistical number of voting power for record.

When the Company convenes a Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication, after the Chairman announces the commencement of the meeting, Shareholders attending the meeting by means of visual communication shall cast votes on proposals and elections on the video conferencing platform before the Chairman announces the voting session ends or shall be deemed abstained from voting.

If a Shareholders' Meeting is held by means of visual communication, after the Chairman announces the voting session ends, the votes shall be counted in one go and the results of the voting and election shall be announced.

When the Company convenes a video-assisted Shareholders' Meeting, if a Shareholder who has registered to attend the Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication in accordance with the provisions of Article 6 intends to attend the physical Shareholders' Meeting in person, the registration shall be retracted in the same manner as the registration two days prior to the Shareholders' Meeting. If the registration is cancelled after that time, the Shareholder may only attend the Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication.

Shareholders who have exercised their voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, has not withdrawn their declaration of intent and participate in the Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication shall not exercise their voting rights in respect of the original proposal or propose amendments to the original proposal or exercise their voting rights in respect of the amendment to the original proposal except in the case of a extemporary motion.

Article 14.

When there is an election of directors at the shareholders' meeting, it should be conducted in accordance with the relevant appointment regulations of this company. The election results, including the list of elected directors and their voting rights, as well as the list of unsuccessful directors and their obtained voting rights, should be announced on the spot.

The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least 1 year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 15.

The resolution matters at shareholders' meeting shall be prepared into minute book to be signed or stamped by the chairperson and then distributed to shareholders within 20 days after the meeting. The preparation and distribution of minute book shall be in electronic form.

The Company shall distribute the above minute book in the form of announcement that is entered into the open information observation station.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, a summary of the deliberations and their voting results (including vote counts) and where there is an election of Directors, the approval votes of each candidate shall be disclosed and shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

Where a Shareholders' Meeting is convened by means of visual communication, in addition to the particulars to be included in the meeting minutes as described in the preceding paragraph, the start time and end time of the Shareholders' Meeting, how the meeting is convened, the name of the Chairman and secretary, and actions to be taken in the event of disruption to the video conferencing platform or participation in the meeting by means of visual communication due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, and how issues are dealt with shall also be included in the minutes.

When convening a Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication, other than compliance with the requirements in the preceding paragraph, the Company shall specify in the meeting minutes alternative measures available to Shareholders with difficulties in attending a Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication.

Article 16.

The company will compile the number of shares solicited, the number of shares represented by the proxy, and the number of shares attended by shareholders in writing or electronically into a statistical table in the prescribed format on the day of the shareholders' meeting. This information will be clearly disclosed at the meeting venue. If the shareholders' meeting is conducted via video conference, the company will upload the aforementioned information to the shareholders' meeting video conference platform at least thirty minutes before the start of the meeting and continue to disclose it until the end of the meeting.

During the Company's Shareholders Meeting by means of visual communication, when the meeting is announced to commence, the total number of shares represented at the meeting shall be disclosed on the video conferencing platform. The same shall apply whenever the total number of shares represented at the meeting and a new tally of votes is released during the meeting.

The resolutions of the shareholders' meeting, if they involve significant information as stipulated by laws and regulations or the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (Taiwan Securities and Exchange Market Foundation), shall be submitted to the Public Information Observation Station within the specified time frame by the Company.

Article 17.

The meeting staff for preparing shareholders' meeting shall wear identification certificate or armband.

The chairperson shall instruct the provost officers or security staff to maintain order. When the provost officers or security staff are maintaining order at the venue, they shall wear the armband with "provost officer" or identification certificate.

If the venue is equipped with loud-speaking equipment, the chairperson shall stop it when shareholders are using the equipment not allocated by the Company for speech.

If shareholders violate the proceedings rules, disobey the requirement for correction of the chairperson, interfere with the meeting, and refuse to stop after warnings, the chairperson shall instruct provost officers or security staff to guide them out of the venue.

Article 18.

During the meeting, the chairperson can at his own discretion announce adjournment; in the case of any events of force majeure, the chairperson can decide to suspend the meeting temporarily and announce the time for continuing with meeting depending on the circumstances.

The venue for the meeting may be changed if it cannot continue to be used until the agenda set by the shareholders' meeting (including ad hoc motions) is completed. The shareholders' meeting may choose to relocate the meeting to another venue.

The shareholders' meeting may, in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act, decide to postpone or renew the meeting within five days.

Article 19.

For video conference shareholders' meetings, the company must promptly disclose the voting and election results of each proposal on the video conference platform after the voting is completed, in accordance with the regulations. This disclosure must continue for at least fifteen minutes after the chairman announces the adjournment of the meeting.

Article 20.

During the shareholders' video meeting, both the chairman and the recorder must be physically present in the same country. Additionally, the chairman should announce the meeting location address at the start of the meeting.

Article 21.

For video conference shareholders' meetings, the company may offer a simple connection test to shareholders prior to the meeting and provide real-time technical support during both the pre-meeting and the meeting itself to address any communication issues.

In the event of a Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication, when announcing the commencement of the meeting, the Chairman shall also announce, unless under a circumstance where a meeting is not required to be postponed to or resumed at another time under Article 44-20, paragraph 4 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, if the video conferencing platform or participation by means of visual communication is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events before the Chairman has announced the meeting adjourned, and the obstruction continues for more than 30 minutes, the meeting shall be postponed to or resumed on another date within five days, in which case Article 182 of the Company Act shall not apply.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed as described in the preceding paragraph, Shareholders who have not registered to participate in the affected Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed under the second paragraph, the number of shares represented by, and voting rights and election rights exercised by the Shareholders who have registered to participate in the affected Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication and have successfully signed in the meeting, but do not attend the postponed or resumed session, at the affected Shareholders' Meeting, shall be counted towards the total number of shares, number of voting rights and number of election rights represented at the postponed or resumed session.

During a postponed or resumed session of a Shareholders' Meeting held under the second paragraph, no further discussion or resolution is required for proposals for which votes have been cast and counted and the results or list of elected Directors and Supervisors has/have been announced.

When the Company convenes a video-assisted Shareholders' Meeting, and the video conference cannot continue as described in second paragraph, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by Shareholders attending the Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication, still meets the minimum legal requirement for a Shareholder' Meeting, then the Shareholders' Meeting shall continue, and no postponement or resumption thereof under the second paragraph is required.

Under the circumstances where a meeting should continue as in the preceding paragraph, the number of shares represented by Shareholders attending the Shareholders' Meeting by means of visual communication shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by Shareholders present at the meeting, provided these shareholders shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that Shareholders' Meeting.

When postponing or resuming a meeting according to the second paragraph, the Company shall handle the preparatory work based on the date of the original Shareholders' Meeting in accordance with the requirements listed under Article 44-20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies.

For dates or period set forth under Article 12, second half, and Article 13, paragraph 3 of Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies, and Article 44-5, paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article 44-17, paragraph 1 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, the Company hall handle the matter based on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting that is postponed or resumed under the second paragraph.

Article 22.

These rules shall come into force upon approval of the board of shareholders and the same shall apply for amendment.

Appendix IV Directors' Shareholding Status

The shareholding situation of all directors of the Company

As of the record date of this shareholders' meeting (March 31, 2025), the shareholder register of our company indicates the following shareholdings of the directors:

Job Title	Name	Current holding of shares	
		Number of shares	Shareholding ratio
Chairman of the Board	Shih Jui-Pin	1,102,238	0.74%
Vice Chairman	Tsai Cheng-Fu	4,378,238	2.92%
Directors	Cheng Li-Ping	3,447,193	2.30%
Directors	Huang Qing-Shu	1,905,169	1.27%
Directors	Shih Jui-Lin	641,160	0.43%
Independent director	Lin Chih-Lung	0	0.00%
Independent director	Hsu Shih-Wen	0	0.00%
Independent director	Lin Hui-Fen	0	0.00%
Independent director	Yen Ming-Jen	0	0.00%

- Note 1: As of the record date of this shareholders' regular meeting (March 31, 2025), the total issued shares of our company are 149,821,721 shares.
- Note 2: The directors of the company are legally required to hold a total of 8,989,303 shares. 11,473,998 shares held as of the closing date of the Annual Shareholders' Meeting (March 31, 2025).
- Note 3: The shareholding of independent directors is not included in the total shareholding of all the directors mentioned above.
- Note 4: The company has established an Audit Committee; therefore, the requirement for statutory shareholders does not apply.